

# Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago



Chicago Midway and O'Hare International Airports

P.O. Box 66353 • Chicago, Illinois 60666-0353 • (773) 686-AMEN (2636) • [www.airportchapels.org](http://www.airportchapels.org)

Week of January 7, 2024 – January 13, 2024

WELCOME TO THE INTERFAITH AIRPORT CHAPELS OF CHICAGO!

The O'Hare Airport Chapel and Midway Airport Chapel are each a peaceful oasis in a busy venue. A place to bow your head in prayer while lifting up your heart and spirit! Prayer books and rugs, rosaries, and worship materials are available, as are chaplains for spiritual counsel. You are welcome to attend Mass or Worship services and to come to the chapels (open 24/7) to pray or meditate. Know that you & your families are always in my prayers. May God bless your travels.



— Fr. Michael Zaniolo

Administrator, Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago  
Roman Catholic Chaplain, Chicago Airports Catholic Chaplaincy

## Interfaith Calendar & Events

• **January 7 – Orthodox Christmas** — This is the day Orthodox Christians celebrate Jesus' birth. It corresponds with the date December 25 on the Julian Calendar.

• **January 13 – Maghi** — This Hindu festival of Makar Sankranti is celebrated after the mid-winter celebration of Lohri, where bonfires are lit in Northern India. The following morning Hindus enjoy this festival which involves ritual baths in rivers and ponds.

• Source: The 2024 Interfaith Calendar, Council of Religious Leaders of Metropolitan Chicago

## ORD Airport Chapel Catholic Mass Intentions

- 01/06/24** 4:00 p.m. † Kelly Holdren  
6:00 p.m. † Arthur & Clara Coella req. by Family  
† Francis Hegor req. by Marcine & John Forrette, Jr.
- 01/07/24** 9:00 a.m. ●/† Lundstrom Family req. by Mr. & Mrs. Steven Lovejoy  
11:00 a.m. † Thomas F. Daly Sr. req. by The Daly Family  
† Ann Marie Rivers req. by The Daly Family
- 01/08/24** 11:30 a.m. † Brian J. Allen req. by Katherine L. Allen
- 01/09/24** 11:30 a.m. † Russ Lundstrom req. by Karin Lovejoy
- 01/10/24** 11:30 a.m. ● Intentions of Holy Ghost Parish
- 01/11/24** 11:30 a.m. † Brian J. Allen req. by Katherine L. Allen
- 01/12/24** 11:30 a.m. † Ellen Murphy req. by The Daly Family

## MW Airport Chapel Catholic Mass Intentions

- 01/07/23** 9:00 a.m. ●/† Lovejoy Family req. by Mr. & Mrs. Steven Lovejoy  
11:00 a.m. † Brian J. Allen req. by Katherine L. Allen

● Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial

MW Airport Chapel  
Concourse C, Mezzanine Level  
(Inside Security Checkpoint)

Catholic Mass: Sundays - 9:00 & 11:00 a.m.

PROTESTANT WORSHIP:

Sundays - 10:00 a.m. & 12:00 noon

WEEKDAYS—MONDAY - FRIDAY, 10:00 a.m., 12:00 noon and 1:30 p.m.

[www.airportchapels.org](http://www.airportchapels.org)

<https://www.facebook.com/InterfaithAirportChapelsOfChicago>

ORD Airport Chapel  
Terminal 2, Mezzanine Level  
(Outside Security Checkpoint)

Catholic Mass: Saturdays - 4:00 & 6:00 p.m.

Sundays - 9:00 & 11:00 a.m.

Weekdays - 11:30 a.m.

Islamic Juma' Prayer

Friday: 1:15 p.m.

PROTESTANT WORSHIP—See Website for Schedule

[www.airportchapels.org](http://www.airportchapels.org)

The Epiphany of the Lord – January 7, 2024

All kings shall pay him homage, all nations shall serve him.

— Psalm 72:11

## GOD'S PROMISE TO ALL PEOPLE

Today Isaiah reminds the people of God that the land shall be restored to their possession, they shall rejoice to see their people return from the bondage of exile, and that they shall be a light to the nations. In other words, through the people of Israel, the Savior shall come to all people who seek God with a sincere heart. This brings joy and the radiance of God's glory to all the world and to all people everywhere. Through the fidelity of the people of God, and through God's fidelity to them,



all people shall become God's children and rejoice in the fulfillment of God's promise to Israel.

## TODAY'S READINGS

**First Reading** — You shall be radiant at what you see, your heart shall throb and overflow (Isaiah 60:1-6). **Psalm** — Lord, every nation on earth will adore you (Psalm 72). **Second Reading** — The Gentiles are copartners in the promise in Christ Jesus (Ephesians 3:2-3a, 5-6).

**Gospel** — The magi were overjoyed at seeing the star (Matthew 2:1-12).

## READINGS FOR THE WEEK

**Monday:** Is 42:1-4, 6-7 or Is 55:1-11 or Acts 10:34-38 or 1 Jn 5:1-9; Ps 29:1-4, 3, 9-10 or Is 12:2-3, 4bcd-6; Mk 1:7-11

**Tuesday:** 1 Sm 1:9-20 or 1 Sm 1:1-8 and 1 Sm 1:9-20; 1 Sm 2:1, 4-8abcd; Mk 1:21-28 or Mk 1:14-20 and Mk 1:21-28

**Wednesday:** 1 Sm 3:1-10, 19-20; Ps 40:2, 5, 7-10; Mk 1:29-39

**Thursday:** 1 Sm 4:1-11; Ps 44:10-11, 14-15, 24-25; Mk 1:40-45

**Friday:** 1 Sm 8:4-7, 10-22a; Ps 89:16-19; Mk 2:1-12

**Saturday:** 1 Sm 9:1-4, 17-19; 10:1a; Ps 21:2-7; Mk 2:13-17

**Sunday:** 1 Sm 3:3b-10, 19; Ps 40:2, 4, 7-10; 1 Cor 6:13c-15a, 17-20; Jn 1:35-42

## Treasures from Our Tradition

Before long, people will be throwing Mardi Gras beads in the streets of New Orleans—purple, gold, and green. A few will be in on the secret: the colors of the beads are derived from the gifts of the magi. Gold for wealth, purple for power, green for good health. The gifts are also a key to the identity of the Christ Child: the incense for God; the gold for a king; the myrrh, fragrant burial ointment for one who comes to die.

Centuries ago, today's feast bore the heavy burden of celebrating all the manifestations of Christ's identity: the birth of Jesus, the coming of the magi, the baptism of the Lord, the wedding feast at Cana. It was too much for one day. Fortunately the one day has blossomed into a whole season of grateful celebration, stretching behind us into Advent, and ahead of us into the Baptism of the Lord and to Christ's coming again in glory. Tonight, be sure to light the Christmas lights, and gather at the crèche for a favorite carol and a prayer. —James Field, Copyright © J. S. Paluch Co.

One who waits to do a great deal of good at once, will never do anything. —Samuel Johnson

The heart has its reasons of which reason knows nothing.

—Blaise Pascal

After I die, I want it said of me that I plucked a weed and planted a flower wherever I thought a flower would grow. —Abraham Lincoln



Rev. Fr. Michael G. Zaniolo, STL, CAC — Administrator/Catholic Chaplain  
Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Chicago  
Mr. Qazi M. Biabani — Imam Khateeb/Muslim Chaplain  
Muslim Community Center of Chicago  
Rev. Dr. Hutz H. Hertzberg - Protestant Chaplain  
The Moody Church of Chicago  
Mrs. Susan E. Schneider, CAP — Office/Business Manager/Fund Raiser  
Mr. Michael Brennan — Bulletin Editor

# This Week in the Life of the Church – Feast Days and Notable Events in Church History

The choice of heroes, models and leaders can have a lasting effect on our development, and the Church has always honored the example of holiness set by the saints. In these brief sketches, we commemorate our sisters and brothers in Christ who have shaped the life of the one, holy, catholic and apostolic Church. Letters following entries refer to the bibliography below.

## Sunday, January 7, 2024

✦ **The Solemnity of the Epiphany**, a word meaning manifestation (from the Greek epiphaneia), is a kind of bookend for Christmastime: the rule around many homes is that the tree, the lights, the creche and decorations stay up until this day, on which Christians recall the visit of the three Magi (sometimes called the "wise men" or "kings") to Jesus after his birth. "Magi" refers to Persian priest-astrologers; later embellishments added the meaning of men of wisdom - doctors or philosophers. In the Second Century, the scholar Tertullian linked the Magi with two Old Testament prophecies that kings bearing gifts who would come to Israel, and by the end of the 6th century, "kings" and "Magi" were used interchangeably. "God, through Christ, was manifested to the whole world, symbolized by the Three Magi from the East (Mt 2:1-12)," says the Catholic Encyclopedia. "The feast originated in the third century in the Eastern Church; by the fourth century, when it was introduced to the Western Church, it ranked in importance with Easter and Pentecost. The Eastern Church links the Epiphany with the Baptism of Christ; in the Western Church, the focus shifted to His birth." Catholics observe Our Lord's Baptism Monday, Jan. 8.

✦ **We Remember: ST. RAYMOND OF PENYAFORT** (c. 1175-1275). A renowned expert in canon and civil law, St. Raymond also worked hard for the formation of priests and the evangelization of Jews and Muslims. He encouraged missionaries to learn Arabic and to study the Koran in order to enter into dialogue with Islam. A kinsman of the kings of Aragon, he joined the Dominicans in 1222; he was called to Rome by Pope Gregory IX and in 1234 completed his five books of the Decretals, systematizing and codifying the canon law; this remained the most authoritative codification of ecclesiastical legislation till 1917! ✦ In 1131, the death of **St. Canute Lavard** in Denmark; a Danish prince, he spent his life preaching Christianity to the German tribes and was assassinated by his cousin. (W) • Today is also the birth of **St. Bernadette Soubirous** in Lourdes, France, in 1844. Born into a poor family, she was the humble and obedient little girl chosen by the Blessed Virgin to hear her announcement, "I am the Immaculate Conception." • In 1894, of the birth of **St. Maximilian Kolbe** in Zdunska Wola, Poland. A Franciscan, he died in the Auschwitz Concentration Camp. (W)

## Baptism of the Lord – Monday, January 8, 2024

**THE BAPTISM OF OUR LORD:** The *Catechism of the Catholic Church* says of the Baptism of Jesus: *His eternal messianic consecration was revealed during the time of his earthly life at the moment of his baptism by John, when "God anointed Jesus of Nazareth with the Holy Spirit and with power," "that he might be revealed to Israel" (Acts 10:38, Jn 1:31) as its Messiah. His works and words will manifest him as "the Holy One of God." (Mk 1:24, Jn 6:69, Acts 3:14).* ✦ **We Remember: ST. APOLLINARIS** (c. 180), a bishop from Hierapolis in Phrygia (central Turkey), wrote and preached in defense of the Church's doctrines. He earned the title "the Apologist" for his defense of the Christian religion addressed to Emperor Marcus Aurelius towards the middle of the 2nd century. He died a martyr. (D,B) ✦ In 1198, **POPE CELESTINE III** died; In 1337, **Giotto di Bondoni**, the great artist, died. • In 1438, the opening day of the **COUNCIL OF FLORENCE**, the 17th in Church history. Pope Eugene IV presided over this council which reaffirmed papal primacy and made a last attempt at reuniting East and West. (W)

✦ In 1536, **CATHERINE OF ARAGON** died; in 1642, **Galileo Galilei** died.

## Tuesday, January 9, 2024

✦ **We Remember: ST. PETER OF SEBASTE** (c. 391), a native of Cappadocia, and younger brother of **St. Basil** and **St. Gregory of Nyssa**; Peter succeeded Basil as abbot and in 380 was appointed bishop of Sebaste in Armenia. He took part in the general council of Constantinople (381). (D,B) • On **JAN. 9, 1522, POPE ADRIAN VI**, the last non-Italian pope prior to **Pope John Paul II** (and the only Dutchman), was elected to the papacy. It was a huge surprise. Adrian was the Cardinal of Utrecht and hadn't even attended the consistory; he was in Spain. Though Pope Adrian was reform-minded and sought changes (reducing the splendor of the papal court and cutting back on cardinals' privileges and incomes), he was an outsider, not even able to speak Italian. And, as the first pope to face the full impact of **Martin Luther's** challenge, he misjudged the reformer, thinking him an obstinate and heretical monk who could be addressed with the usual applications of force and penalty. (C)

## Wednesday, January 10, 2024

✦ **We Remember: ST. WILLIAM OF BOURGES** (died 1209) served as abbot to many French monasteries before becoming Archbishop of Bourges in 1200. He made a great many converts among the Albigensians and was in much demand as a confessor. **Pope Honorius III** canonized William in 1217. (D,B)

✦ In 1944, the death of **Fr. Joseph Schmidlin** in Breuschthal Concentration Camp, Germany. After majoring in history and being ordained, he taught history for a number of years. About 1908, his interests turned to missions and missionaries. Fr. Schmidlin almost single-handedly developed this interest into a science - that of missiology. He authored numerous works including mission histories, thus combining his life's two interests. When the Nazi government took control of Germany, Fr. Schmidlin was dismissed from his post and forbidden to teach. He was arrested a number of times for determinedly trying to continue his work, and finally executed for defying the state. (W) • In 1970, the decree by the Vatican Congregation for the Clergy announcing that bishops may institute **Masses on Saturday afternoons or evenings** to fulfill the Sunday obligation was issued. Although the decree stated bishops may do so if they deem it necessary or useful, the idea quickly became popular and a standard practice. It proved beneficial to both clergy and laity and offered new opportunities for many people to attend Mass. (W) • In 1984: Establishment of **full diplomatic relations** between the **HOLY SEE AND THE USA**. William A. Wilson was named American Ambassador to the Vatican and Archbishop Pio Laghi was named Papal Nuncio to the US. The official announcement stated that the formal governmental link was begun "to develop mutually friendly relations already existing." (W)

## Thursday, January 11, 2024

✦ **We Remember: ST. THEODOSIUS THE CENOBIARCH** (c. 423-529) was influenced by **St. Simeon Stylites**, the famous and colorful religious ascetic who lived on a pillar in the Syrian desert for 36 years. Theodosius, in his quest for the religious life, visited all the holy shrines of Jerusalem as a penitent and prayerful pilgrim. He then chose the monastic life rather than a hermitage. Theodosius was put in charge of the church of Our Lady situated on the road between Jerusalem and Bethlehem. He next founded a monastery in the desert of Judah by the Dead Sea, where several hundred monks were soon living under his rule. The patriarch of Jerusalem appointed him **visitor** to all the cenobitical communities in Palestine, whence the title **cenobiarch** given to the saint. The Byzantine emperor tried unsuccessfully to bribe Theodosius to support a heresy known as **monophysitism**. The saint died at the remarkable age of 105.

## Friday, January 12, 2024

✦ **We Remember: ST. MARGUERITE BOURGEOIS** (1620-1700) left the cultural center of France in 1653 for the rugged wilderness of Canada (then a French possession). Marguerite tutored the children of the French garrison of Montreal, consoling young families in their trials, teaching women to cook, sew, and care for their families in the wilderness. She converted the governor's stable into a schoolhouse where she taught both French and Indian children to read, write, count, and about God and His special love for them. In 1688, she founded the **Sisters of Notre Dame de Montreal**. This woman who spent her life serving the needy and caring for poor families of her community was canonized by **Pope John Paul II** on **Oct. 31, 1982**. (S) • In 1844, the birth of **MOTHER EMILY POWER, O.P.**, in County Waterford, Ireland. Ellen Power emigrated with her family to the U.S. and settled in St. Louis. After the death of her father, the family moved to southern Wisconsin to farm. There Ellen joined the Dominican community at **Sinsinawa** and chose the name Emily. At the young age of 23, she was elected mother-general and began a tremendous growth program for her Congregation. She laid out a plan of action that eventually saw the Sinsinawa Dominicans teaching in almost every state of the union and opening three colleges. Mother Power lived up to her surname in her post, but was also a warm and caring woman with a great understanding of the Sisters in her care. She also had a keen awareness of the social problems of her time, including a great interest in the **American labor movement**. (W)

## Saturday, January 13, 2024

✦ **We Remember: ST. HILARY, BISHOP AND DOCTOR** (315-367) was born at Poitiers in France. Married and the father of a saintly daughter named Abia, Hilary was converted to the Christian faith by reading the Scriptures, especially the Prologue to the **St. John's Gospel**. While still a layman, Hilary was elected bishop of Poitiers; fighting strenuously against the Arian heresy; he became the first theologian of the Latin Church to combat this heresy and to introduce into the language of the West the preciseness of Catholic doctrine and Greek thought. Hilary suffered exile at the hands of the pro-Arian emperor. After his return, he had the courage to protest vigorously against the emperor's unwarranted intervention in religious matters. In fact, it was under Hilary that the clergy recognized more and more that even in a Christian state, the Church must be separate and independent. Hilary wrote extensively, composed several liturgical hymns, and helped **St. Martin of Tours** promote the monastic life. (B)

