# Incerfaich Airport Chapels of Chicaso

Chicaso Midway and O'bare Incernational Airports μ. μ. p.O. Box 66353 • Chicaζo, Illinois 60666-0353 • (773) 686-λΩΕΝ (2636) • www.airporcchapels.orζ

## Week of April 18–April 24, 2021

WELCOME TO THE INTERFAITH AIRPORT CHAPELS OF CHICAGO!



The O'Hare Airport Chapel and Midway Airport Chapel are each a peaceful oasis in a busy venue. A place to bow your head in prayer while lifting up your heart and spirit! Prayer books and rugs, rosaries, and worship materials are available, as are chaplains for spiritual counsel. You are welcome to attend Mass or Worship services and to come to the chapels (open 24/7) to pray or meditate. We have implemented a modified schedule of Catholic Mass and Protes-

tant Worship Services. Everyone, of course, must wear a mask or face covering and keep six feet of social distance. The Chapel chairs will be clearly marked for social distance.

#### O'Dare:

Catholic Mass: Saturdays - 4:00 & 6:00 p.m. Sundays - 9:00 & 11:00 a.m. Weekdays - 11:30 a.m.

Muslim Friday Juma prayer is still temporarily suspended until further notice.

Midway:

#### Catholic Mass: Sundays - 9:00 & 11:00 a.m.

Protestant Worship: Sundays - 10:00 a.m. & 12:00 noon Monday thru Thursday - 10:00 a.m. & 1:30 p.m. Friday - 8:00 & 10:00 a.m.

You can also find our regular schedule, weekly bulletin, and other information at <u>www.airportchapels.org</u>. I ask that you please pray for our airport workers and travelers and their families during these uncertain and difficult times. Please also pray for health care workers and their loved ones. Know that you & your families are always in my prayers.

May God bless you always,

#### Fr. Michael Zaniolo

Administrator, Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago Roman Catholic Chaplain, Chicago Airports Catholic Chaplaincy

## **Incertaich Calendar & Evencs**

+ April 20-May 1: Festival of Ridvan - Baha'i commemoration of the twelve day period in 1863 when Baha'u'llah declared that he was God's messenger for this age, in a garden outside Baghdad, Iraq, on the eve of his second exile in 1863. Work is to be suspended on days 1, 9, and 12 of the festival. Begins at sundown, April 19.

+ April 21: <u>Ramnavami</u> is a nine-day Hindu celebration in honor of the birth of Rama. Stores from the life of Rama are narrated and religious dances, called Ramalila, depicting scenes from his life are performed. Source: The 2021 InterFaith Calendar, Council of Religious Leaders of Metropolitan Chicago

#### Chapel Scaff Birchdays & Anniversaries ✤ Birthday blessing go out to Fr. Michael Guimon Thursday, Apr. 22. +Administrative Professionals Day®, this Wednesday, Apr. 21,



highlights the important role of administrative professionals in all sectors of the modern economy worldwide. It is on the Wednesday of Administrative Professionals Week®, which is on the last full week of April. We'd like to offer a special thanks to Mrs. Susan Schneider, Certified Administrative Professional, who serves as Office/Business Manager/Fund Raiser for the Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago. Susan has been with this

ministry for more than 25 years and has been critical to its success throughout that time. We are very fortunate that she has devoted herself to the Chapels at O'Hare and Midway and grateful for all she does to keep the ministry as dynamic and well-run as it is. Thank you, Susan!



## Third Sunday of Eascer – April 18, 2021

You alone, O LORD, bring security to my dwelling. – Psalm 4:9

### **FULFILLMENT**

It is interesting that during the Easter season, when we do not hear a reading from the Old Testament, it becomes so important. This is particularly true today. Peter's speech begins with a prayer formula familiar to Jews:

"The God of Abraham . . ." (Acts 3:13). It likewise contains the potent phrases "Holy and Righteous One" and "mouth of all the prophets" (3:14, 18). Peter was stating in no uncertain terms that the law, psalms, and prophets had been fulfilled in Christ. This is reinforced by Jesus himself in the Gospel passage, when he states that everything in the scriptures (to the early Christians "the scriptures" were what we call the Old Testament) had to be fulfilled. Above all, Jesus and Peter both em-



phasize that we are witnesses to all of this, and are sent forth to bear witness to it in the world. The Latin Missa, from which our word "Mass' comes, means "sent" (as in "mission"). As we leave Mass today, let us remember to be witnesses to all that has been fulfilled in the risen Christ. Copyright © J. S. Paluch Co.

## TODAY'S READINGS

First Reading - The author of life you put to death, but God raised him from the dead (Acts 3:13-15, 17-19). Psalm – Lord, let your face shine on us (Psalm 4). Second Reading – We have an Advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ the righteous one (1 John 2:1-5a).

Gospel - Thus it is written that the Christ would suffer and rise from the dead on the third day (Luke 24:35-48).

<u>READINGS FOR THE WEEK</u>
Acts 6:8-15; Ps 119:23-24, 26-27, 29-30; Jn 6:22-29
Acts 7:51 – 8:1a; Ps 31:3cd-4, 6, 7b, 8a, 17, 21ab; Jn 6:30-35
Acts 8:1b-8; Ps 66:1-3a, 4-7a; Jn 6:35-40
Acts 8:26-40; Ps 66:8-9, 16-17, 20; Jn 6:44-51
Acts 9:1-20; Ps 117:1bc, 2; Jn 6:52-59
Acts 9:31-42; Ps 116:12-17; Jn 6:60-69
Acts 4:8-12; Ps 118:1, 8-9, 21-23, 26, 28, 29; 1 Jn 3:1-2; Jn 10:11-18

#### NATURE'S LESSONS

Believe one who has tried, you shall find a fuller satisfaction in the woods than in books. The trees and the rocks will teach you that which you cannot hear from the masters. -St. Bernard of Clairvaux

ORC	<u>) Airporc Chapel Cacholic Mass Incencions</u>
04/17/21	4:00 p.m. † Bernice Fortini req. by James & Cynthia Oskroba
	6:00 p.m. ●Dolores Markech
	<ul> <li>Weston Grabinsky req. by Anne Grabinsky</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Peter Ohotnicky req. by Steve &amp; Barbara Ohotnicky</li> </ul>
04/18/21	9:00 a.m. • Fr. Jack Butler, SJ req. by Sr. Bernadette Therese, OCD
	11:00 a.m. † Margaret Manning LeDoux req. by Peggy Ann (Shea) Smart
04/19/21	11:30 a.m. † Joseph Vincent Allen req. by Katherine Allen
04/20/21	11:30 a.m. † Nunzio & Ann Fazio req. by Joseph Fazio
04/21/21	11:30 a.m. • Raymond Huang Family req. by Sr. Bernadette Therese, OCD
04/22/21	11:30 a.m. • June Grabinsky req. by Anne Grabinsky
04/23/21	11:30 a.m. • Judy Vandergriff req. by Anne Grabinsky • Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial

**ΜΟΥ Αιγρογή Chapel Cacholic Mass Incentions** 04/18/21 9:00 a.m. • Diane Chrapkiewicz req. by John Dominici 11:00 a.m. † Yung Peter Lee req. by Daly Family • Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/I

→ MOTHER'S DAY SPIRITUAL BOUQUET: Every year, the O'Hare and Midway Chapels set aside the 9 and 11 a.m. Masses on

Mother's Day, Sunday, May 9, for a special Spiritual **Bouquet**. This is one way to prayerfully honor mothers and grandmothers, relatives and friends, living and deceased. Spiritual Bouquet cards will be available on tables just outside the chapels before and after all Masses. Fill out the



outer envelope with your offering - <u>PLEASE PRINT</u> <u>NAMES</u> – and place it in the collection basket, the safe, or mail it to the chapel.

## This Week in the Life of the Church - Feast Days and Notable Events in Church Distory

#### Sunday, April 18, 2021

+ We Remember: Today in the Life of the Church we go back more than 1800 years to remember **APOLLONIUS THE APOLOGIST**, a Roman senator beheaded for refusing to renounce his faith in Christ. Denounced by one of his slaves and reported to the praetorian prefect, he refused to renounce his Christianity. His case was remanded to the Senate, where a remarkable dialogue took place between the prefect and senator, in which Apollonius defended his religion. Despite his eloquent defense, he was sentenced to death and martyred around the vear 185. (P) "Plures efficimus quoties metimur a vobis, semen est sanguis Christianorum" said Tertullian: "As often as we are mown down by you, the more we grow in numbers; the blood of Christians is the seed." (Traditionally, "The blood of the martyrs is the seed of the Church.")

## Monday, April 19, 2021

We Remember: Two saints from the 11th century are remembered today. In 1012, the death of ST. ALPHEGE in Greenwich, England. Archbishop of Canterbury, he was imprisoned by invading Danes for asking them to stop murdering and looting. He was martyred for refusing to ransom himself with the money for the poor. (W, B) + ST. LEO IX, POPE, (1002-1054), is probably best remembered for his part in preparing the way for the election of popes by vote of all the cardinals of the Church. The current practice dates back to 1059. He strove to prevent schism between the Eastern and Western Churches. (D,B)

• In 1529, a few of the electors and princes of Germany, joined by the inhabitants of Strasburg, Nuremburg, Ulm, and nine other cities, published a protestation against a decree of the Diet (the assembly of the states of the German Empire) and petitioned the emperor to have it revoked. Hence the name of "Protestants" was first given to reformers of religion in Germany. (The Book of Days, Eliz. & Gerald Donaldson, 1979) • In 2005, Joseph Cardinal Ratzinger was elected pope and chose the name Benedict XVI.

#### Tuesday, April 20, 2021

# We Remember: An African by birth and a Christian by education, ST. MARCELLINUS (d. 374) was inspired to go forth and evangelize Gaul (presentday France). With two companions, Vincent and Domninus, he landed at Nice and began to journey through the neighboring mountains. Eusebius of Vercelli, then in exile in that country, consecrated and established Marcellinus as bishop of Embrun. Known for his sanctity and zeal. Marcellinus suffered persecution from the Arians (a heretical sect). He had succeeded in Christianizing the greater part of the Maritime Alps when he died in the midst of his people. Today we remember Marcellinus, evangelist, bishop, and saint. (L, L2) # ST. AGNES OF MONTEPULCIANO (1268-1317) became the abbess of a convent at the age of 15. After some 17 years she was asked to return to the place of her birth, Montepulciano, to take charge of a new house of Dominican nuns. Here she spent the remainder of her life as prioress. Wise beyond her years, given to visions and ecstasies, Agnes' fame and reputation for holiness was widespread. Among countless pilgrims to her tomb were St. Catherine of Siena, who held her in great veneration. Agnes was canonized in 1726. (L) + On this day in 1534, the HOLY MAID OF KENT, ELIZABETH BARTON, went with six others to the gallows at Tyburn, in England, after having been consigned to the Tower of London for protesting "in the name and by the authority of God" against Henry VIII's divorce from Queen Catherine. She was no older than 26. On the very same day, 50 years later, James Bell and John Finch suffered martyrdom for being Catholics, which was treason under Elizabeth I. Eighteen years later on the same day, Robert Watkinson and Francis Page were executed at Tyburn for the offense of being Catholic priests and exercising their ministry in England. (L,W) Wednesday, April 21, 2021

# We Remember: ST. ANSELM (1033-1109), Archbishop of Canterbury and Doctor of the Church, started his spiritual journey as a monk at the abbey of Bec in Normandy, where the famed Lafranc was a teacher at one of the most celebrated schools in the West. Anselm was his pupil and later his successor. He became abbot of the monastery in 1078, and his reputation for learning and goodness quickly spread throughout Europe. The interests of his abbey sometimes took Anselm to England, where in 1092 the king, William Rufus, asked him to remain and to accept the episcopal see of Canterbury. From then on, Anselm was frequently in conflict with the court, even journeying to Rome to settle conflicts, and enduring exile. In the midst of such diplomatic and administrative labors, he still found time to compose numerous profound writings. Indeed, St. Anselm is considered on of the great philosophers and theologians of the Middle Ages. A prolific author of letters, prayers, and theological treatises, his reflections continue to fascinate Catholic and Protestant alike. He is famous for his succinct definition of theology as "faith seeking understanding." "His was a character of singular charm," says Butler's Lives of the Saints. "It was conspicuous for a sympathy and sincerity which won him the affection of men of all classes and nationalities. His care extended to the very poorest people. He was one of the first to stand forward as an opponent of the slave trade. When in 1102 he held a national council at Westminster, primarily for settling ecclesiastical affairs, the archbishop obtained the passing of a resolution to prohibit the practice of selling men like cattle. St. Anselm was in 1720 declared a Doctor of the Church, though never formally canonized. In Dante's Paradiso we find him among the spirits of light and power in the sphere of the sun, next to St. John **Chrysostom.** The body of the great archbishop is believed still to be in the cathedral church at Canterbury, in the chapel known as St. Anselm's ... " (L, L2, E)

## Thursday, April 22, 2021

+ We Remember: ST. SOTER served as pope from about 166-174; during his pontificate, Easter became an annual feast in Rome. Little is known about ST. CAIUS (OR GAIUS) except that his pontificate was peaceful. He served from Dec. 17, 283, to Apr. 22, 296. "He was buried in the cemetery of Callistus in a sector separate from the old papal crypt, which was probably full; fragments of his epitaph, in Greek letters with his initial distinctly given as gamma were found there in the nineteenth century. (O)" + ST. AGAPITUS I, whose pontificate lasted from May 13, 535 to Apr. 22, 536, "had to pawn sacred vessels to finance a peacekeeping mission to Constantinople, where he died. (E)" + Today we also recall ST. OPPORTUNA (d. 770) a holy abbess to whom many French churches are dedicated. Her gentleness and patience caused her to be chosen unanimously as superior of the community. She died of sorrow shortly after learning of the murder of her brother, Bishop Chrodegang of Seez, who had veiled her. (L,P)

POPE GREGORY VII was elected by acclamation today in 1073, capping a brilliant career as a cardinal-diplomat under six previous popes. (W)

• In 1953, the first black Catholic bishop consecrated in the United States was BISHOP JOSEPH OLIVER BOWERS, consecrated by Francis Cardinal Spellman at the Church of Our Lady of the Gulf, Bay St. Louis, Miss. (FF)

## Friday, April 23, 2021

+ <u>We Remember</u>: ST. GEORGE (+303). Facts about this ancient martyr are sparse; we think he was born at Cappadocia and instructed in the Christian religion by his mother; he became an officer in the Roman army and confronted Diocletian, cruel persecutor of Christians; he refused to offer sacrifice to a pagan god, was tortured, and beheaded. In the middle of the fourth century, a church was constructed over his tomb at Lydda, Palestine, and in 683, Pope Leo II dedicated a basilica in his honor at Velabro, Italy, and the feast of St. George was celebrated at Rome. The Greek Church venerates St. George as the greatest of martyrs, and his feast is also celebrated on this day in the Byzantine Church. He was venerated not only in Russian republic of Georgia (which bears his name) but also in Spain, Portugal, Italy, Lithuania, Germany and England. He was named patron of England in 1222 during the reign of Henry III, and proclaimed protector of the kingdom by Pope Benedict XIV. Until 1778, the feast of St. George was a holy day of obligation for English Catholics. (D,B,S)

+ WE REMEMBER: ST. ADALBERT, bishop of Prague, martyr, the first apostle to the Prussians. Adalbert was born of a noble family in Bohemia in 956 and received in baptism the name Voytiekh. In 982, at the age of only 26, he became bishop of Prague, entering the city barefoot and receiving the acclaim of the ruler, Boleslaus II of Bohemia, and the people. After his consecration at Mainz, Adalbert had met St. Majolus, abbot of Cluny, and had been fired with idealism; but though he preached much, visited the poor in their homes, and met with prisoners in dungeons, he seemed unable to make an impression on his flock, some of whom were still unchurched, many who were only Christian in name. Discouraged, he left his diocese for Rome in 990, possibly dogged by serious political complications. Though for awhile the bishop became a monk at an abbey in Rome, Duke Boleslaus asked for his return and the pope, John XV, bid Adalbert to return, providing "that he should receive proper support from the civil power." He was well-received upon his return, establishing a famous Benedictine abbey at Brevnov, consecrated in 993. But more complications arose; Adalbert granted sanctuary to a noblewoman convicted of adultery and condemned to death, but she was nonetheless dragged from the altar and slain on the spot. When he excommunicated the culprits, his political opponents pounced and he was forced to leave Prague a second time. He went back to the monastery in Rome, becoming prior, until a synod under Pope Gregory V, when he was ordered to go back. But he was given the freedom to preach to gospel to the heathen if he found it impossible to return to Bohemia, where a powerful segment of its citizens had massacred a number of his kinsmen and burnt their castles. Since going among them would likely provoke further bloodshed, Adalbert set off with two companions, Benedict and Gaudentius, to evangelize the Prussians of Pomerania. They made some converts in Danzig (Gdansk), but met with opposition, being regarded as Polish spies and told to leave the country. They refused to abandon their Christian mission and suffered martyrdom to day in 997. (B,L)

#### Saturday, April 24, 2021

# We Remember: St. FIDELIS OF SIGMARINGEN (1578-1622). Born in Sigmaringen, Germany, Mark Roy received doctorates in law and philosophy, and became known as the "Advocate of the poor." He entered the Capuchin Order and received the new name Fidelis. As superior of different monasteries, he was charitable and zealous. He dedicated himself to preaching and ministering to the Austrian troops, and was sent by the newly-founded Propagation of the Faith to preach to Swiss Protestants. Fidelis was asked to join the Calvinist sect, to which he replied, "I have come to combat heresy, not to embrace it." He was subsequently stabbed to death in the church at Seewis in Switzerland, and canonized by Pope Benedict XIV in 1746 (S,B,V).

Sources include: (AS) All Saints, Robert Ellsberg, Crossroad, 1997. (B) Book of Saints, Bene dictine Monks, Morehouse, 1993. (C) Catholic Book of Days, John Deedy, Thomas More, 1989. (D) Day by Day with the Saints, Patrick Moran, OSV, 1985. (F) Famous Christians, Tony Castle, Servant, 1988. (G) Guide to the Saints, Kristin E. White, Ivy Books, 1991. (L) Butler's Lives of the Saints I-IV, Christian Classics, 1995. (OCY) Oxford Companion to the Year, Blackburn, 1999. (P) Pocket Dictionary of Saints, John Delaney, Image, 1983. (S) Saints of the Roman Calendar, Enzo Lodi, Alba, 1992. (V) Vatican II Weekday Missal, Daughters of St. Paul, 1975. (W) We Celebrate, We Commemorate, Patrick Walsh. This Week in the Life of the Church is compiled by Mike Brennan. Tax-deductible contributions to the Chicago Airports Catholic Chap-laincy are welcome. E-mail: ordchapel@gmail.com.