

Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago

Chicago Midway and O'Hare International Airports

P.O. Box 66353 • Chicago, Illinois 60666-0353 • (773) 686-AMEN (2636) • www.airportchapels.org



Week of April 30 — May 6, 2023

WELCOME TO THE INTERFAITH AIRPORT CHAPELS OF CHICAGO! The O'Hare Airport Chapel and Midway Airport Chapel are each a peaceful oasis in a busy venue. A place to bow your head in prayer while lifting up your heart and spirit! Prayer books and rugs, rosaries, and worship materials are available, as are chaplains for spiritual counsel. You are welcome to attend Mass or Worship services and to come to the chapels (open 24/7) to pray or meditate. Know that you & your families are always in my prayers. May God bless your travels.



— Fr. Michael Zaniolo

Administrator, Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago
Roman Catholic Chaplain, Chicago Airports Catholic Chaplaincy

Interfaith Calendar & Events

→ **Maidyozarem Gahambar** is a Zoroastrian midsummer festival in honor of the celestial universe that takes place **April 30-May 4**.

→ **Mahavir Swami Kevaljñan Kalvānak—April 30:** Jain observance—day in lunar calendar on which Mahavir Swami obtained omniscience.

→ **National Day of Prayer, May 4,** is an annual day of observance held on the first Thursday of May, designated by the United States Congress, when people are asked "to turn to God in prayer and meditation". The president is required by law to sign a proclamation each year, encouraging all Americans to pray on this day. In 1775 the Continental Congress allocated a time for prayer in forming a new nation. Over the years, there have been calls for a day of prayer, including from President Abraham Lincoln in 1863. On April 17, 1952, President Harry Truman signed a bill proclaiming the National Day of Prayer into law in the United States. President Reagan amended the law in 1988, designating the first Thursday of May each year as the National Day of Prayer. → **The 2023 InterFaith Calendar, Council of Religious Leaders of Metropolitan Chicago**

Chapel Staff Birthdays & Anniversaries

→ Birthday blessing go out to **Gretchen Schneider** Wednesday, **May 3**. **Mike & Margaret Brennan** celebrate their 33rd wedding anniversary Thursday, **May 4**. **Fr. Mark Kalema** (May 1) and **Fr. Louis Zake** (May 5) celebrate ordination anniversaries this week.

ORD Airport Chapel Catholic Mass Intentions

- 04/29/23** 4:00 p.m. † Mary Ann Smith req. by Bob Smith
6:00 p.m. † Marilyn Chaon req. by Susie & John Schneider
- 04/30/23** 9:00 a.m. † Judith Mikos req. by Reno & Geri Baiocchi
11:00 a.m. ● Karl & Tracy Schneider req. by John & Sue Schneider
† Mary Jane Ruth req. by Zaniolo Family
† Allwyn req. by Lawrence D'Souza
- 05/01/23** 11:30 a.m. ● Adam Joab Alwyn req. by Alwyn Joshy
- 05/02/23** 11:30 a.m. † Bernadette & Robert Schmidt req. by Family
- 05/03/23** 11:30 a.m. † Peter & Rosie
- 05/04/23** 11:30 a.m. ● Michael Brennan req. by Carl Coslick
- 05/05/23** 11:30 a.m. † Angel Sabu

MDW Airport Chapel Catholic Mass Intentions

- 04/30/23** 9:00 a.m. † Barbara & Jack Sullivan req. by Friends and Family
11:00 a.m. † Officer Vasquez Lasso req. by Friends and Family
● Intentions of Holy Ghost Parish
● Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial

mdw AIRPORT Chapel

Concourse C, Mezzanine Level
(Inside Security Checkpoint)

Catholic Mass: Sundays - 9:00 & 11:00 a.m.

PROTESTANT WORSHIP:

Sundays - 10:00 a.m. & 12:00 noon

WEEKDAYS—MONDAY - FRIDAY, 10:00 a.m., 12:00 noon and 1:30 p.m.

www.airportchapels.org

<https://www.facebook.com/InterfaithAirportChapelsOfChicago>

www.airportchapels.org

ORD AIRPORT Chapel

Terminal 2, Mezzanine Level
(Outside Security Checkpoint)

Catholic Mass: Saturdays - 4:00 & 6:00 p.m.

Sundays - 9:00 & 11:00 a.m.

Weekdays - 11:30 a.m.

Islamic Juma' Prayer

Friday: 1:15 p.m.

PROTESTANT WORSHIP—See Website for Schedule

www.airportchapels.org

Fourth Sunday of Easter — April 30, 2023

OUR PROTECTOR

Today's readings invite us to recognize our need for one who ensures our safety, nourishes us, and leads us to peace and security, like sheep who rest in the care of a good shepherd. Such a shepherd will protect and save the sheep, even from the most deadly of predators. Today, we ponder the incredible news that Jesus accepted death on the cross in order to open the gates of eternal life with God for us. Through his resurrection, Jesus protects and saves us from the power of sin and death. We need only accept his love and live as God's people in this life, relying on the Lord who is the door to new life for us and for all. Copyright © J. S. Paluch Co., Inc.



TODAY'S READINGS

First Reading — All peoples called by God will receive the gift of the Spirit if they repent and are baptized (Acts 2:14a, 36-41).

Psalm — My shepherd is the Lord; I shall not want (Psalm 23).

Second Reading — Once we were like straying sheep; but now we have been returned to the shepherd, our guardian (1 Peter 2:20b-25).

Gospel — The shepherd leads the sheep out into pastures of abundant life (John 10:1-10).

READINGS FOR THE WEEK

Monday: Acts 11:1-18; Ps 42:2-3; 43:3, 4; Jn 10:11-18 or, for the memorial, Gn 1:26 - 2:3 or Col 3:14-15, 17, 23-24; Ps 90:2-4, 12-14, 16; Mt 13:54-58

Tuesday: Acts 11:19-26; Ps 87:1b-7; Jn 10:22-30

Wednesday: 1 Cor 15:1-8; Ps 19:2-5; Jn 14:6-14

Thursday: Acts 13:13-25; Ps 89:2-3, 21-22, 25, 27; Jn 13:16-20

Friday: Acts 13:26-33; Ps 2:6-11ab; Jn 14:1-6

Saturday: Acts 13:44-52; Ps 98:1-4; Jn 14:7-14

Sunday: Acts 6:1-7; Ps 33:1-2, 4-5, 18-19; 1 Pt 2:4-9; Jn 14:1-12

CATHOLIC PRAYER CORNER — Prayer at the End of the Day

Protect us, Lord, as we stay awake;
watch over us as we sleep,
that awake, we may keep watch with Christ,
and asleep, rest in his peace.

OUR FASCINATING FAITH — Vocations

Jesus, the Good Shepherd, tells us that he calls his own sheep by name and those sheep respond by following him. Unlike the early disciples, we do not have the benefit of hearing the Lord Jesus call us by name. Or do



we? Through the centuries countless men, women, and children have responded to the call of the Lord and dedicated their lives to ministering to God's people. How often have we heard the phrase, "he or she 'has the calling' "? We need look no further than our own parish to find ways that the call of the Lord is manifested. The Lord Jesus is constantly calling out to us through the celebration of the sacramental

life, through the proclamation of the living word, and through the example of those who have put on Christ in Baptism. Today the Lord Jesus, the Good Shepherd, speaks to each one of us, the sheep of his flock. Let us listen for the call to follow him as his disciples. And on this World Day of Prayer for Vocations, let us pray for others, as well, to hear and heed whatever God is calling them to do with their life as a baptized Christian. Copyright © J. S. Paluch Co., Inc.

If a man does not keep pace with his companions, perhaps it is because he hears a different drummer. Let him step to the music which he hears, however measured or far away. —Henry David Thoreau

Rev. Fr. Michael G. Zaniolo, STL, CAC — Administrator/Catholic Chaplain
Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Chicago

Mr. Qazi M. Biabani — Imam Khateeb/Muslim Chaplain

Muslim Community Center of Chicago

Rev. Dr. Hutz H. Hertzberg - Protestant Chaplain

The Moody Church of Chicago

Mrs. Susan E. Schneider, CAP — Office/Business Manager/Fund Raiser

Mr. Michael Brennan — Bulletin Editor



This Week in the Life of the Church – Feast Days and Notable Events in Church History

Sunday, April 30, 2023

✦ **We Remember:** **MICHAEL GHISLIERI** was only thirteen when the Augustinian priest and doctor of theology, **MARTIN LUTHER**, posted his 95 theses concerning matters of Catholic belief and practice at Wittenberg Cathedral in Germany on Oct. 31, 1517. But it would fall to Michael, as **POPE PIUS V**, to implement the Catholic Church's response to the **PROTESTANT REFORMATION**, which was ushered in on that fateful day. Born in northern Italy, Michael entered the Dominican Order at 14 and was ordained in 1528. Thirty years later, after being ordained a bishop, Pope Paul IV named him a cardinal, in 1566 he was elected pope, thanks in great part to the influence of **ST. CHARLES BORROMEO**. Though his pontificate would last only six years, he would accomplish much. **POPE PIUS V** immediately began the work of reforming the Church. His austere and severe disposition was well fitted for the task of combating the loose discipline of that time in many ecclesiastical quarters, including the Roman curia. He carried out the Decrees of the **COUNCIL OF TRENT (1545-1563)**, promulgated a catechism, and published a new Breviary and a new Missal. This set the norms followed by the Catholic Church until the Second Vatican Council concluded 400 years later (1962-65). He deleted some of the extravagant details in the lives of the saints; authorized a critical edition of the works of **ST. THOMAS AQUINAS** and proclaimed him Doctor of the Church; insisted on the catechetical teaching of the young as the duty of all parish priests, and he called for adequate instruction prior to baptism for adults. Pope Pius' support of Mary Stuart caused Queen Elizabeth I to launch a severe persecution of Catholics in England, which in turn led the pope to excommunicate her in 1570. He did, however, succeed in forming an alliance between Spain and Venice which ultimately led to the defeat of the Turkish armada at Lepanto on Oct. 7, 1571, which staved off the invasion of Eastern Europe. In gratitude, Pope Pius V instituted the feast of Our Lady of Victory, later renamed Our Lady of the Rosary. Moreover, the invocation *Mary, Help of Christians*, was added to the Litany of Loreto, and he promoted the recitation of the rosary. Pius showed great compassion for the poor and lowly, but insisted on strict justice in dealing with the powerful. His success in enforcing liturgical and moral reform was due in large part to the respect that the people had for his personal holiness. As he was dying, Pope Pius V said to the cardinals in attendance, "I recommend to you the Church that I have always loved. Try to elect as my successor a zealous man who will seek nothing but the glory of the Savior and will have no other interest here below than the honor of the Apostolic See and the good of Christianity." He died in Rome **May 1, 1572**, but his feast is celebrated today because May 1 is the feast of **St. Joseph the Worker**. Canonized a saint in 1712, Pope Pius V was the last pope to be declared a saint prior to **Pope Pius X (in 1954)**. (B,S,A,P)

✦ In 693, the death of **St. Erkenwald** at Barking Abbey in Essex, England. He founded two Benedictine abbeys - Chertsey for men, of which he was abbot, and famed Barking for women. After being elected as bishop of London, Erkenwald became a major influence on the Church in England. He is considered to be one of England's greatest saints, and his cult flourished for almost a thousand years.

Monday, May 1, 2023

✦ **We Remember:** The first day of May - "May Day" - has long been dedicated to labor and the working person. The feast of **ST. JOSEPH THE WORKER** was instituted by **Pope Pius XII**. He expressed the hope that this feast would help in teaching the dignity of labor, and would also bring a spiritual dimension to labor unions and labor legislation. • In 2011, **Pope John Paul II** was beatified by his successor, **Pope Benedict XVI**. Karol Józef Wojtyła (born May 18, 1920, Wadowice, Poland—died April 2, 2005, Vatican City) was canonized **April 27, 2014**; his feast day is October 22. Bishop of Rome and head of the Roman Catholic Church (1978–2005), the first non-Italian pope in 455 years and the first from a Slavic country. His pontificate of more than 26 years was the third longest in history. (<http://www.britannica.com>)

Tuesday, May 2, 2023

✦ **We Remember:** A giant of the early Christian Church, **ST. ATHANASIUS**, died on this day in 373. Given titles such as "the Father of Orthodoxy," "Pillar of the Church," and "Champion of Christ's Divinity," Athanasius was born c. 296 in Alexandria, Egypt. He was educated, ordained a deacon, and three years after the **Council of Nicaea** (June, 325) - at which he played a leading role - he was named Bishop of Alexandria. The persecutions of Roman emperors ended in 311. Shortly thereafter, a basic heresy arose to threaten the Church from within. Arius, a priest of Alexandria in Egypt, denied Christ's divinity. His teachings, known as Arianism, were condemned by the Council of Nicaea and battled by Athanasius. As Bishop of Alexandria for 45 years (328-373), Athanasius suffered exile five times and remained the intrepid writer and champion of faith in Jesus Christ, true God and true man. He also wrote a biography of St. Anthony the Hermit, in which we learn of the beginnings of the monastic movement. (When St.

Anthony died, he bequeathed "a garment and a sheep skin to the bishop Athanasius.") In addition to his role as bishop of Alexandria, he became spiritual head of the desert hermits and of Ethiopia. His letters are important historical and often doctrinal documents. For St. Athanasius, the Church is the instrument through which salvation is transmitted. It is the Church that forms the believing community "into a liturgical, institutional, and theological celebration of the divine incarnation." St. Athanasius returned to his see and spent the last 11 years of his life in peace. (D,B,L,S)



Wednesday, May 3, 2023

✦ **We Remember:** **SAINTS PHILIP AND JAMES, APOSTLES:** This feast dates from the 6th Century and was formerly celebrated on May 1 to commemorate the dedication of the Basilica of the Twelve Apostles in Rome (560), where the relics of Philip and James were preserved under its main altar. From the gospels, we know **ST. PHILIP** as one of the twelve apostles. He may have been a disciple of **John the Baptist**, and his name appears in all four lists (Matthew, Mark, Luke and Acts). He came from Bethsaida in Galilee, and St. John's Gospel relates that Philip was called by Jesus the same day as St. Peter and St. Andrew. Philip in turn brought **Nathaniel (Bartholomew)** to Jesus. In the gospel of John, it is Philip who engages in a brief exchange with Jesus on the occasion of the multiplication of loaves (**Jn. 6:5,7**). Also, it was Philip who was approached by some Hellenistic Jews who wanted to be introduced to Jesus. In the accounts of him, Philip emerges as a careful and rational man. When Nathaniel asks, "Can anything good come from Nazareth?" Philip responds equably, "Come and see." He is one of the eleven apostles who spent ten days in the Upper Room waiting for the coming of the Holy Ghost. Nothing more of him is known for certain. After the Ascension, he is thought to have preached in Asia Minor and to have been martyred in Hierapolis in Phrygia under Emperor Domitian.

✦ **ST. JAMES**, the cousin of the Lord, son of Alphaeus, is also mentioned in the same four lists of apostles. Sometimes he is referred to in literature as James the less, or James the younger. When **St. Paul** went to Jerusalem three years after his conversion and was still regarded suspiciously by the apostles there, it was James and **St. Peter** who received him with friendliness. James became the first bishop of Jerusalem. It is possible that he was the author of the Epistle of James, although the author speaks of the apostles in the past tense and doesn't identify himself as an apostle. He was held in great esteem and was surnamed "the Just." Eusebius contended that the catastrophes that later occurred in Jerusalem were a punishment for their treatment of one "who was the most righteous of men." One account holds that, in the year 62, he was thrown from the top of a temple and was stoned to death, living long enough to forgive his tormentors. He is patron saint of the dying (due to his deathbed forgiveness of his murderers). (V,P,G)

Thursday, May 4, 2023

✦ **We Remember:** Today is the feast of **ST. FLORIAN** - often seen on medals as the patron saint of firefighters - who died a martyr in 304. An officer in the Roman army in Noricum (Austria), he surrendered himself to Aquilinus, the governor, whose troops were hunting Christians during Diocletian's persecution, declaring that he was a Christian. He was scourged and then thrown into the River Enns with a rock around his neck. Patron saint of Poland and Upper Austria.

✦ Also on this day, some 1231 years later, **Saints John Houghton, Robert Lawrence, and Augustine Webster** - all Carthusian priors - and **St. Richard Reynolds**, a Brigittine monk, were cruelly executed in London for refusing the Oath of Supremacy to King Henry VIII. They were dragged through the streets of London, treated with the utmost savagery, and then hanged, drawn, and quartered at Tyburn May 4, 1535. After his death, the body of John Houghton - the first man to refuse the oath - was chopped to pieces and hung in different parts of London. They were canonized by **Pope Paul VI** in 1970 among the Forty Martyrs of England and Wales. (W,P) • In 1534, **JEAN CALVIN** resigned as canon of the Cathedral at Noyon and broke with the Catholic Church. • In 1944, **Pope Pius XII** extended the feast of the **Immaculate Heart of Mary** to the universal Church.

Friday, May 5, 2023

✦ **We Remember:** **HILARY OF ARLES (c.400-49)** died on this day. Of a noble family, he was born in Lorraine, was a pagan in high office in the local government when he gave up a promising secular career at the urging of his relative **St. Honoratus**, distributed his possessions to the poor, and joined the monastery; he was elected bishop of Arles in 429.(P) • In 553, the **Second Council of Constantinople** opened with **Pope Vigilius** presiding. It condemned the writings of Nestorius, the heretical Patriarch of Constantinople.

Saturday, May 6, 2023

✦ **We Remember:** **ST. PETRONAX (+747)** is known as the second founder of Montecassino. A native of Brescia, he was induced by **Pope Gregory II** in 717 to visit Montecassino, which had been destroyed in 580 by the Lombards, with a view to restoring the cenobitical life there. He found a few hermits who elected him their abbot, and Benedictine life began afresh. (B) ✦ In 1527, on this, the anniversary of their founding, 147 Swiss Guards died defending **Pope Clement VII** against mercenaries of Emperor Charles V. (W) ✦ In 1540, **Juan L. Vives** died in Bruges, Belgium. A teacher and a pioneer in education for women, he taught that poverty was a disgrace and a danger to any nation. He served as private secretary to Queen Catherine of Aragon, King Henry VIII's first wife, and strongly disapproved of the king's divorce suit against her. (W) ✦ Fifty years later on this day, **BL. EDWARD JONES** and **BL. ANTHONY MIDDLETON** were hanged in London for being priests during the English persecutions.



Sources include: (A) Catholic Almanac, Felician Foy Our Sunday Visitor, 1995. (AP) A Pilgrim's Almanac, Edward Hayes, 1992. (AS) All Saints, Robert Ellsberg, Crossroad, 1997. (B) Book of Saints, Benedictine Monks, Morehouse, 1993. (CB) Cambridge Biographical Encyclopedia, 1999. (C) Catholic Book of Days, John Deedy, Thomas More, 1989. (BB) Big Book of Women Saints, Sarah Gallick, HarperSanFrancisco, 2007. (CCS) Catholicism, Chicago Style, Skerret et al, 1993. (D) Day by Day with the Saints, Patrick Moran, OSV, 1985. (E) Encyclopedia of Catholicism, Rev. R. McBrien, HC, 1995. (ES) Encyclopedia of Saints, C. Fieckel, Alpine, 1995. (F) Famous Christians, Tony Castle, Servant, 1988. (G) Guide to the Saints, Kristin E. White, Ivy Books, 1991. (H) Heavenly Friends, Rosalie Marie Levy, DSP, 1984. (I) In His Likeness, Rev. Charles Yost, SCJ, STL, 1988. (JP 2) John Paul II's Book of Saints, Bunson, OSV, 1999. (L) Butler's Lives of the Saints I-IV, Christian Classics, 1995. (L2) Lives of the Saints, O. Englebert, Barnes & Noble, 1994. (LS) Lives of the Saints, R. McBrien, HC, 2001. (LP) Lives of the Popes, R. McBrien, 1997. (M) The Middle Ages, Concise Encyclopedia, H. Lynn, 1989. (OCY) Oxford Companion to the Year, Blackburn, 1999. (ODP) Oxford Dictionary of Popes, J.D. Kelly, Oxford, 1987. (ODS) Oxford Dictionary of Saints, David Farmer, 1997. (PIS) Penguin Dictionary of Saints (3rd ed.), D. Attwater/C. John, 1995. (R) Saints to Remember, Servants of Mary Immaculate, 1985. (P) Pocket Dictionary of Saints, John Delaney, Image, 1983. (S) Saints of the Roman Calendar, Enzo Lodi, Alba, 1992. (P) The Popes, Eric John, Roman Catholic Books, 1994. (V) Vatican II Weekday Missal, Daughters of St. Paul, 1975. (W) We Celebrate, We Commemorate, Patrick Walsh. *This Week in the Life of the Church* is compiled by Mike Brennan