

Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago



Chicago Midway and O'Hare International Airports
P.O. Box 66353 • Chicago, Illinois 60666-0353 • (773) 686-AMEN (2636) • www.airportchapels.org

Week of June 21 — 27, 2020

DUE TO THE CORONAVIRUS PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY, the O'Hare and Midway Chapels will follow the directives issued by government officials and the Archdiocese of Chicago: Group Worship Services and Public celebration of Mass are suspended until further notice. The Chapels will remain open for personal prayer 24/7. I ask that you please pray for our airport workers and travelers and their families during these uncertain and difficult times. Please also pray for health care workers and their loved ones.



Please check our website, www.airportchapels.org or call 773-686-2636 and press 3 for any updated information. Know that you & your families are always in my prayers.

May God bless you always,

Fr. Michael Zaniolo

Administrator, Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago
Roman Catholic chaplain, Chicago Airports Catholic Chaplaincy

Chapel Staff Birthdays & Anniversaries

→ Birthday blessings to **Bryan Johnson** this Wednesday, **June 24**.

CHICAGO AIRPORTS CATHOLIC CHAPLAINCY PUBLISHES MASS INTENTIONS in the O'Hare and Midway Airport Chapel bulletins each week. Requesting a Mass intention is a traditional and meaningful way to honor a deceased loved one, or to offer a thoughtful message of sympathy to the bereaved. Special intentions for the living may be requested for one who is ill, as well as to observe special occasions, such as anniversaries and birthdays, or simply in thanksgiving. "Mass Intention Offering" slips are available on the vestibule table, online at <http://www.cacc.us>, or call the chapel office weekdays at 773-686-2636. The Archdiocese of Chicago suggests a donation of \$10.

Since there are no public Masses being celebrated at the Chapels until services resume, your intentions will be celebrated by the priests privately. Times listed are times the Masses were originally scheduled.

ORD Airport Chapel Catholic Mass Intentions

- 06/20/20 4:00 p.m. -----
6:00 p.m. † Francis & Jean Heger req. by Marcine & John Forrette
06/21/20 6:30 a.m. † Jerry Micham req. by Lorenzo Church
9:00 a.m. • Spiritual Bouquet
11:00 a.m. • Spiritual Bouquet
1:00 p.m. • Richard J. Guzior req. by Richard J. Guzior
06/22/20 11:30 a.m. • Zaniolo Family Members req. by Ruth Fuss
06/23/20 11:30 a.m. † Geraldine Gratz req. by Jerry Rymut
06/24/20 11:30 a.m. † Lawrence & Christine Sellers req. by Brenda Hawkins
06/25/20 11:30 a.m. † Frank & Anita Pershern req. by Mary Kay Polashek
06/26/20 11:30 a.m. † Bob Fortini req. by Bernice Fortini
• Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial

MDW Airport Chapel Catholic Mass Intentions

- 06/20/20 4:00 p.m. • Respect for Life req. by Robert Kurtz
06/21/20 9:00 a.m. • Spiritual Bouquet
11:00 a.m. • Spiritual Bouquet
06/22/20 11:30 a.m. † Bernedette Stewart req. by Bruce & Alice Cunningham
06/23/20 11:30 a.m. • Kathleen Mayher req. by Mr. & Mrs. Thomas Bailey
06/24/20 11:30 a.m. -----
06/25/20 11:30 a.m. -----
06/26/20 11:30 a.m. -----
• Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial

Rev. Fr. Michael G. Zaniolo, STL, CAC — Administrator/Catholic Chaplain
Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Chicago
Mr. Qazi M. Biabani — Imam Khateeb/Muslim Chaplain
Muslim Community Center of Chicago
Rev. Dr. Hutz H. Hertzberg - Protestant Chaplain
The Moody Church of Chicago
Mrs. Susan E. Schneider, CAP — Office/Business Manager/Fund Raiser
Mr. Michael Brennan — Bulletin Editor



Happy Fathers Day!

BEST WISHES TO ALL DADS ON THEIR SPECIAL DAY. We'll keep you in our prayers. Each year we set aside the two Masses on Father's Day for a special **Spiritual Bouquet**. In this prayerful way, we honor fathers, grandfathers, and friends, living and deceased. While we are not celebrating public Masses yet, your intentions will be remembered at private Masses offered by our priests. The list is attached to this bulletin.

Though first observed **June 19, 1910**, in Spokane, WA., official recognition of Father's Day took another 62 years. The daughter of Civil War veteran **William Jackson Smart** is credited with spearheading the observance. Just like Mother's Day, it started with a church service. **Mrs. Sonora Smart Dodd** was listening to a Sunday sermon on Mother's Day, 1910 (just two years after Mother's Day was established). Mrs. Dodd reflected on the great hardships her father had endured raising six children alone after his young wife died in childbirth. She proposed a Father's Day celebration, and got support from the town's ministers and members of the Spokane



YMCA. She suggested June 5 (her father's birthday), which was only three weeks away. To give the ministers more time to prepare their sermons, the date was moved to June 19. Father's Day has been the third Sunday of June ever since. In **1916**, President Woodrow Wilson and his family observed the day, and in **1924** President Calvin Coolidge urged states to commemorate Father's Day, writing to the nation's governors, "*The widespread observance of this occasion is calculated to establish more intimate relations between fathers and their children, and also to impress upon fathers the full measure of their obligations.*" Source: Charles Panati's "Extraordinary Origins of Everyday Things," 1987, Perennial Library, Harper & Row Publishers.

Twelfth Sunday in Ordinary Time—June 21, 2020

Sing to the LORD, praise the LORD, for he has rescued the life of the poor.

— *Jeremiah 20:13*

ENTHUSIASM AND GRAMMAR

There is a good reason that the writings of St. Paul don't show up as examples in grammar textbooks. Today's reading is a case in point. It begins with one of those long Pauline run on sentences that leave lecturers gasping for breath. So what? Take a closer look at how Paul's fervor for his subject matter derailed the grammar. There is something admirable about being so caught up in his convictions that the words cannot come fast enough to express them, much less in an orderly fashion. Scripture scholars usually take this grammatical ineptness as a sign of a passage's early importance in the Christian community, something they were so ardent about that their language never got refined.

What leaves us in this condition? Re-telling the plot line of an action movie or the play-by-play of a sporting event? When was the last time any of us was so excited by our faith in Christ that we were left grasping for words, stumbling over our own errors in speech? It may be bad grammar, but it is an excellent way to inspire others with the message of Christ!

TODAY'S READINGS

First Reading — The LORD has rescued the poor from the clutches of the wicked (Jeremiah 20:10-13). **Psalm** — Lord, in your great love, answer me (Psalm 69). **Second Reading** — The grace of God overflows for all (Romans 5:12-15). **Gospel** — All who acknowledge Jesus before others will likewise be acknowledged by Jesus before the Father (Matthew 10:26-33).

READINGS FOR THE WEEK

Monday: 2 Kgs 17:5-8, 13-15a, 18; Ps 60:3-5, 12-13; Mt 7:1-5
Tuesday: 2 Kgs 19:9b-11, 14-21, 31-35a, 36; Ps 48:2-4, 10-11; Mt 7:6, 12-14
Wednesday: **Vigil**: Jer 1:4-10; Ps 71:1-6, 15, 17; 1 Pt 1:8-12; Lk 1:5-17
Day: Is 49:1-6; Ps 139:1-3, 13-15; Acts 13:22-26; Lk 1:57-66, 80
Thursday: 2 Kgs 24:8-17; Ps 79:1b-5, 8-9; Mt 7:21-29
Friday: 2 Kgs 25:1-12; Ps 137:1-6; Mt 8:1-4
Saturday: Lam 2:2, 10-14, 18-19; Ps 74:1b-7, 20-21; Mt 8:5-17
Sunday: 2 Kgs 4:8-11, 14-16a; Ps 89:2-3, 16-19; Rom 6:3-4, 8-11; Mt 10:37-42

This Week in the Life of the Church - Feast Days and Notable Events in Church History

Sunday, June 21, 2020

✦ **We Remember: ST. ALOYSIUS GONZAGA (1568-1591):** Born in a castle in Lombardy, Aloysius served as a page at several courts until, at 18, he entered the Jesuits, having overcome the opposition of his family. Within six years he fell sick while nursing the plague-stricken and died. He was beatified in 1605 and canonized in 1726. Benedict XIII declared him special protector of young students while Pius XI proclaimed him patron of Christian youth. (B) ✦ In 1870, two priests, ten Sisters of Charity, eight lay people and the French Consul were slain by a gang of thugs in Tientsin, China. (W) ✦ In 1963, **PAUL VI** became pope. He reconvened Vatican II and carried out its directives. (W)

Monday, June 22, 2020

✦ **We Remember: ST. PAULINUS OF NOLA (c. 353-431)** is described as tender, faithful, heroic in heart, and molded by the Gospel. "Everyone," says St. Jerome, "admired the purity and elegance of his diction, the delicacy and loftiness of his sentiments, the strength and sweetness of his style, and the vividness of his imagination." Born at Bordeaux of one of the most illustrious and wealthy Roman families (his father was prefect of Gaul), Paulinus studied rhetoric and poetry and became a successful, prominent lawyer. Possessor of immense estates in Gaul, Italy and Spain - his wife **Therasia's** native country, he held several public offices and traveled extensively, until retiring to Aquitaine, where he met Bishop Delphinus of Bordeaux, who baptized him and his brother. About 390, Paulinus moved to Therasia's estate in Spain where, after years of childlessness, a son was born to them; but the boy died at the end of a week. This tragic, life-changing experience seems to have galvanized the couple; they resolved to live more austere and charitably, giving away large sums of money and much property to the needy. The result of their generosity seems to have taken them by surprise: on **Christmas day**, about 393, in response to a sudden outcry by the people, the bishop of Barcelona in his cathedral conferred upon Paulinus the orders of a priest, even though he had not previously been a deacon. By this time, Paulinus and Therasia had decided to relocate to an estate near the tomb of **St. Felix of Nola**, near Naples, and over the vehement objections of relatives, he sold his estates and belongings in Aquitaine and gave most of it to the poor. Although he had parted with much, he still had his Italian properties and continued his charitable works building an aqueduct, churches, a hospice for travelers at Nola, and housing many of the poor and needy in his own home, where he lived a semi-monastic life with several of his friends, Therasia presumably overseeing the household. About 409, Paulinus was chosen bishop of Nola, a position he held until death. He was buried in the church he had built in honor of St. Felix, where his relics remain today. St. Paulinus had a wide circle of friends and correspondents, including **St. Ambrose, St. Jerome, St. Augustine, and St. Martin of Tours**. Of his many writings, some 51 letters, 32 poems, and a few prose pieces still exist. (L,L2,P) ✦ Today we also remember **ST. JOHN FISHER (1469-1535)** and **ST. THOMAS MORE (1478-1535)**, executed by a king of England on the same day, ironically, as **ST. ALBAN** (died c. 304), who was probably the first martyr of Britain (though his life story is based on unverifiable legend). **John Fisher**, chancellor of Cambridge University, bishop of Rochester (from 1504), was a giant in the hierarchy of his time and place, the only one who refused to be silently subservient to his king. He was renowned both for his preaching and for his educational reforms. From 1519 to 1527, St. John wrote defenses of Church tradition against Martin Luther and others, making a decisive contribution to Counter-Reformation theology. After 1527, he led the ecclesiastical opposition to Henry VIII's divorce and claims to supremacy over the Church. In 1534, he was arrested, and executed for treason on this day in 1535. **St. Thomas More** was also executed for refusing to accept Henry's supremacy over the Church in England. St. Thomas studied law at Oxford and was a close friend of **Erasmus**. He refused to sign an oath that declared Henry's marriage to Catherine of Aragon invalid and that repudiated the pope. He resigned as Lord Chancellor of England (the first layman to hold that post) in 1532 and was imprisoned in 1534. Though he remained silent regarding the Act of Supremacy, he was convicted on perjured evidence and beheaded **July 6, 1535**. St. Thomas More was a humanist who argued for moral and social reform through education and sacred literature. His most famous works include *Utopia*, a social satire written in 1516, and his letters from the Tower of London (where he was imprisoned), which reveal a **deep devotion to the suffering Christ**. His life and death have been ably dramatized for stage and screen in "*A Man for All Seasons*." "These two men had what we desperately need in dealing with the encroachment of civil powers upon the realm of religious faith and moral principle - a conscience that cannot be confused, a conviction that cannot be compromised, a courage that cannot be conquered by the fear of death," says the Most Rev. Leo A. Pursley. (D, E, B)

• In 1276, the death of **Pope Bl. Innocent V**, a Frenchman born about 1224 whose brief pontificate lasted from Jan. 21 to June 22, 1276; a Dominican scholar and collaborator of Albertus Magnus and Thomas Aquinas, he was the **first Dominican pope**. He was also a friend of the Franciscan Bonaventure and preached at his funeral. The papal custom of wearing a white cassock began with this pontificate, since the Dominican habit is white. (E)

Tuesday, June 23, 2020

✦ **We Remember: ST. JOSEPH CAFASSO (1811-1860)**, Italian moral theologian, diocesan priest, patron saint of prisoners, he encouraged one of his younger students by the name of **John Bosco** to continue working with youth, orphans and the imprisoned. Besides being a spiritual advisor to St. John Bosco (and "second founder" of the Salesians, a religious order), Fr. Cafasso led a very penitential life and was renowned as a confessor. He was canonized in 1947. (B,D)

Wednesday, June 24, 2020

✦ **We Remember:** The Solemnity of the Birth of **ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST**. "This solemn feast dates from the **fourth century**, and at one time it was preceded by a day of fasting as well as a Mass for the vigil. **St. Augustine** and some other theologians saw something symbolic in the fact that St. John the Baptist was born in the summer, when the days are beginning to shorten, and Christ was born in the winter, when the days are gradually getting longer. The revised liturgy has restored the vigil Mass in addition to the Mass for the feast. In many Catholic countries, especially in Spain and Latin America, June 24 is a day of popular celebrations. Byzantine Christians celebrated the feast of the *conception* of John the Baptist on September 24." (S) "God chose John to prepare the way of the Lord; he was indeed more than a prophet because he not only preached repentance and conversion, but he actually pointed to Christ present in the midst of mankind. More than that, he baptized in the waters of the Jordan him who is the author of baptism." (V) • In 1885, the **first black Protestant Episcopal bishop** of the American church, **REV. SAMUEL DAVID FERGUSON**, was consecrated on this day at Grace Church in New York, as the successor of the Missionary Bishop of Liberia. (FF)

Thursday, June 25, 2020

✦ **We Remember: ST. WILLIAM OF MONTEVERGINE (1085-1142)** is one of the best remembered of the many saints named *William*. A native of Vercelli (Italy), William had led a life of penance from the age of 15, undertaking a pilgrimage to the tomb of **St. James** at Compostela in Spain. Upon his return, he settled as a hermit on the summit of Monte Vergine, between Nola and Benevento. This site, sacred since pre-Christian times, had been called Monte Virgiliano in memory of Virgil, who was said to have consulted the Sibyl there. William was joined by a band of hermit-monks, and they followed a way of life based on the Rule of St. Benedict, which was definitively adopted by the community under William's successor. (B) • In 1530, the **CONFESSION OF AUGSBURG**, the primary confession of the Lutheran church, was presented on this day at Augsburg to the emperor Charles V. A statement of Lutheran beliefs largely the work of **Philip Melancthon**, the confession was presented to the Diet of Augsburg as an official statement of belief and a defense against charges of heresy. This attempt to reconcile the reforms of **Martin Luther** with Catholicism was rejected by Charles, sealing the break between the Lutherans and Rome. *The first part of the Confession of Augsburg "argued that Lutheran doctrine either agreed with Catholic teaching or held to the true primitive doctrine from which the Catholic Church had departed." The second part listed "seven reforms of abuses." (E)*

Friday, June 26, 2020

✦ **We Remember: SS. JOHN AND PAUL (+ 362)** were Roman martyrs who suffered at Rome; their names appear in the First Eucharistic Prayer of the Catholic Mass, and a stately basilica erected in their name stands on the Coelian Hill in Rome. (B) **Ss. John and Paul** are most famous as the saints on whose day in 1284 the Pied Piper led 130 children out of the north German town of Hameln into a hill called the Köppe or Koppelberg. • In 1978 the patriarch of Venice, **LUCIANO ALBINI**, on being elected pope, took the name **John Paul**, which he explained as a tribute to his immediate predecessors, **John XXIII and Paul VI**; on his unexpected death after only 33 days in office, his successor, **KAROL WOJTYLA**, took the name **John Paul II**. (OCY) • In 684, **ST. BENEDICT II** became pope; devoted to the poor, he secured agreement from the emperor to allow the imperial exarch (viceroys) in Ravenna to ratify papal elections instead of having to wait for approval from Constantinople. (E) ✦ In 1794, the deaths of the **MARTYRS OF ARRAS** in Cambrai, France. These four Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent De Paul were accused, during the French Revolution, of counter-revolutionary activity and refusing the oath of fealty to the state. After suffering interrogation and the humiliations of an apostate priest, the Sisters were guillotined. (W)

Saturday, June 27, 2020

✦ **We Remember: The Feast of Mary under the title "Our Lady of Perpetual Help." ST. CYRIL OF ALEXANDRIA**, Bishop and Doctor of the Church, was born at Alexandria, Egypt, about the year 370. He received a classical and theological education and rose to the position of Patriarch of Alexandria. Champion of orthodoxy, Cyril opposed Nestorius, Patriarch of Constantinople (428), who denied the divinity of Christ and, consequently, that Mary is the Mother of God. In the name of Pope Celestine I, he presided over the third General **COUNCIL AT EPHEBUS (c. 431)**, attended by some 200 bishops, which condemned all the tenets of Nestorius and his followers. After the Council, he continued to defend orthodox Catholic doctrine and to administer his see. He was the most brilliant theologian of the Alexandrian tradition. His writings are characterized by accurate thinking, precise exposition, and great reasoning skill. Cyril died in 444; declared a Doctor of the Church in 1882. (B,P,V,G) • In 678, **POPE ST. AGATHO I** took office. Born in Sicily, he was married and a businessman. He and his wife later entered religious life. His pontificate was marked by the definitive end of imperial support for the heresy of *Monothelism* in the East and the restoration of good relations between Rome and Constantinople; he is revered as a saint in consequence by **both** the Catholic and Orthodox Churches. A kindly man, Agatho was loved by all for his cheerful good humor. Agatho died Jan. 10, 681. (E,W)

Sources include: (AS) All Saints, Robert Ellsberg, Crossroad, 1997. (B) Book of Saints, Benedictine Monks, Morehouse, 1993. (C) Catholic Book of Days, John Deedy, Thomas More, 1989. (D) Day by Day with the Saints, Patrick Moran, OSV, 1985. (F) Famous Christians, Tony Castle, Servant, 1988. (G) Guide to the Saints, Kristin E. White, Ivy Books, 1991. (L) Butler's Lives of the Saints I-IV, Christian Classics, 1995. (OCY) Oxford Companion to the Year, Blackburn, 1999. (P) Pocket Dictionary of Saints, John Delaney, Image, 1983. (S) Saints of the Roman Calendar, Enzo Lodi, Alba, 1992. (V) Vatican II Weekday Missal, Daughters of St. Paul, 1975. (W) We Celebrate, We Commemorate, Patrick Walsh. This Week in the Life of the Church is compiled by Mike Brennan. Tax-deductible contributions to the Chicago Airports Catholic Chaplaincy are welcome. E-mail: ordchapel@gmail.com.



Each year, the O'Hare & Midway Chapel communities celebrate Father's Day with two special Spiritual Bouquet Masses at 9:00 and 11:00 a.m. This is a prayerful way for us to remember our fathers, grandfathers, Godfathers, brothers, uncles, nephews, and other special men in our lives. We'd like to thank all those who participated in this year's Spiritual Bouquet, and to also offer our prayers and best wishes to all fathers on this very special day.

All Dads, Uncles,
Foster Dads & Priests

Dr. Espirdion Alvarez
Edward Anderson
Hyman D. Arkow
Richard Arnold
Avery Augur
Raymond Balcerak
Stephen Barkman
Dan Berger
John Bergman
George Boate
Kenan Boate
Euzeb Brault
Jerome Brault
JT Brault
Mary Brault
Robert Brault
Robert Brault
Edward A. Brennan
Michael Brennan
JaMes D. Carroll
Aldo Cecchin
Gildo Cecchin
Julio Cecchin
Lee Cecchin
Herman Chmielewski
Thomas Collins
Sam Croffe
Steve Culen
John R. Daly
Thomas H. Daly, Jr.
Thomas H. Daly, Sr.
Walter Delhotal
Frank Devereaux
Philip Disparte
Ed Donaghy
Rick Donaghy
Robert L. Ehrlich
Steven A. Ehrlich
Frederick Falconer
Robert Falconer
Gustav Fankedeis
Edward H. Fanter

Louis Fortini
Robert Fortini
Anthony Gatta
Henry George
Joseph Geraci
Amadeo Giannini
Mario Giannini
Henry Clay Gordon, Jr.
Henry Clay Gordon, Sr.
Walter Gratz
Walter Gratz
Len Gruber
John Grzesiakowski
Carl Hammerness
Dan Hammerness
PG Hammerness
Philippe Hammerness
Tyler Hammeness
Thomas J. Hansen
Joseph Hardek
Clement Heiberger
David Heiderscheidt
Gerald Heiderscheidt
John P. Hunt
Patrick J. Hunt
Patrick J. Hunt, Sr.
Thomas Hurley
Patrick Hyland
Ted Jafferis
Floyd Jones
Ronald Jones
Richard Jung
Anthony John Kasak
Herman Koll
Randy Koll
Tom Koziol
Brian Lasham
Milton H. Loker
David Ludwig
Andrew Lynch
James Lynch
John J. Lynch
Joseph Lynch
Steve Lynch
Adam Madro

Richard Mathiowetz
Keith McWilliams
Kevin McWilliams
Carlo Menioni
Sean Metras
Callo Michelotti
Giuseppe Michelotti
Joseph Michelotti
Leo Michelotti
Michael Michelotti
Anthony Milano Sr.
Fred Milano
Joseph Nalezny
Eric Nowlin
Jack O'Connor
John B. Oldershaw
Hal Oldershaw
Ken Oleksy
James O'Malley
Jerome Oskroba
John O'Toole
Francis Parisi
Gonzalo Paraiso
Mariano Paraiso
Michael Pariaso
Pedro Paraiso
Ernest Pokojny
Frank Prucha
Frank J. Prucha
Eugenio Racanelli
Vito Racanelli
Joseph Radowski
Frank Resillez
Dr. Frank Resillez
Larry Rothmeier
Christopher Rymut
Clemens J. Rymut
Eugene Rymut
Jerry Rymut
George Salituro
Buddy Saunders
Walter Saunders
David Schneider
John W. Schneider
Karl Schneider

Otto Schneider
Otto H. Schneider
Bill Schrimpl
Joseph Schrimpl
Lawrence Sellers
Esteban Sevilla
Edward Skiber
Arthur Skorupa
Bob Smith
Charles R. Smith
David M. Smith
Roy Smith
Anthony F. Sniegolski
Hubert W. Stein
Virgilio Suiza
John Sutkowski
Robert Sutkowski
Frank Swendrzynski
Luis A. Trevino
Robert J. Waffenschmidt
Ronald Weber
James J. White, III
Edmund Wiczynski
James Winkler
John Winkler
Kenneth Winkler
Clarence Woodhouse
Edward J. Woodhouse
Edward J. Woodhouse, Jr.
James C. Woodhouse
Jerry Yothment
Albert Zaniolo
Fr. Michael Zaniolo
Narciso Zaniolo
Orfeo Zaniolo
Robert Zaniolo
Stefano Zaniolo
Stephen Zelany

*As a father has
compassion on his
children,
So, the Lord has
compassion on those
who fear him.*

~ Psalm 103:13

