Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago



Chicago Midway and O'Hare International Airports P.O. Box 66353 • Chicago, Illinois 60666-0353 • (773) 686-AMEN (2636) • www.airportchapels.org

Week of August 4 – August 10, 2019 WELCOME TO THE INTERFAITH AIRPORT CHAPELS OF CHICAGO! The



O'Hare Airport Chapel and Midway Airport Chapel are each a peaceful oasis in a busy venue. A place to bow your head in prayer while lifting up your heart and spirit! Prayer books and rugs, rosaries, and worship materials are available, as are chaplains for spiritual counsel. You are welcome to attend Mass or Worship services and to come to the chapels (open 24/7) to pray or medi-

tate. May God bless your travels. - Fr. Michael Zaniolo, Administrator

Interfaith Calendar & Events

+ Transfiguration, August 6: Celebrates the manifestation of Christ's Divinity to three of His disciples, Peter, James, and John, on Mount Tabor. → Yaum-al-Arafah: Day of Atonement, August 10 - The most important day during the Hajj pilgrimage when Muslim pilgrims implore God for forgiveness and mercy on the plain of Arafat, just outside the city of Mecca. It is the day when the Lord will provide boundless compassion and mercy and obviate all sins. > The 2019 InterFaith Calendar, Council of Religious Leaders of Metropolitan Chicago

Chapel Staff Birthdays & Anniversaries

+ Birthday blessing go out to Rose C. Thompson, Sunday, Aug. 4.

ORD CATHOLIC MASS INTENTIONS

08/03/19	4:00 p.m. † Pat Waranauski req. by Friends
	6:00 p.m. † Matthew McMann req. by Anne
08/04/19	6:30 a.m. † Staff Sgt. Conrad Robinson
	9:00 a.m. † Scott Hunter req. by Anne
	11:00 a.m. † Antoinette Manczak req. by Fr. Leon Rezula
	1:00 p.m. • The Tremback Family req. by John Tremback
08/05/19	11:30 a.m. † Private Tommy req. by Anne
08/06/19	11:30 a.m. † Maryann Smith req. by Bob Smith
08/07/19	11:30 a.m. † Georgous Panaylotou req. by Anne
08/08/19	11:30 a.m. • C.Y. Liu req. by V. Mervar
08/09/19	11:30 a.m. † Rita Bertasi req. by Bart Smith
	Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial
1	

MDW CATHOLIC MASS INTENTIONS 08/03/19 4:00 p.m. •/† Domsic Family 08/04/19 9:00 a.m. • Charmaine Saraco reg. by Dana Potts 11:00 a.m. † Ted & Mary Cahill req. by Susan Cahill Jamieson 08/05/19 11:30 a.m. • Mary Pat McGuire req. by Fran & Jim Birkenbach 08/06/19 11:30 a.m. † Thomas Kruger req. by Anne 08/07/19 11:30 a.m. † Peter B. Gemma III req. by Fran & Jim Birkenbach 08/08/19 11:30 a.m. † Katherine Brown req. by Anne 08/09/19 11:30 a.m. • Marcia Fletcher req. by Hal Fletcher

Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial

MDW Airport Chapel Concourse C, Mezzanine Level (Inside Security Checkpoint) **ROMAN CATHOLIC MASSES** SATURDAY VIGIL: 4:00 p.m. SUNDAY: 9:00 a.m. & 11:00 a.m. Monday—Friday: 11:30 a.m. Evening before Holy Day: 4:00 p.m. Holy Day: Check Bulletin Announcements www.airporthapels.org/holydayschedule.html

PROTESTANT WORSHIP Monday - Thursday: 10:00 a.m. & 1:30 p.m. Friday & Holidays: 8:00 a.m. & 10:00 a.m. Saturday & Sunday: 10:00 a.m., 12:00, and 1:30 p.m.

ORD Airport Chapel

Terminal 2, Mezzanine Level (Outside Security Checkpoint) **ROMAN CATHOLIC MASSES** SATURDAY VIGIL: 4:00 & 6:00 p.m. SUNDAY: 6:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m. Monday-Friday: 11:30 a.m. Evening before Holy Day: 4:00 p.m. Holy Day: Check Bulletin Announcements www.airporthapels.org/holydayschedule.html

> ISLAMIC JUMA' PRAYER Friday: 1:15 p.m.

PROTESTANT WORSHIP See Website for Schedule

Rev. Fr. Michael G. Zaniolo, STL, CAC - Administrator/Catholic Chaplair Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Chicago Mr. Qazi M. Biabani — Imam Khateeb/Muslim Chaplain Muslim Community Center of Chicago Rev. Dr. Hutz H. Hertzberg - Protestant Chaplain The Moody Church of Chicago Mrs. Susan E. Schneider, CAP — Office/Business Manager/Fund Raiser Mr. Michael Brennan — Bulletin Edito

Chapel Golf Outing Fundraiser Deadline Aug. 7

+ The 18th annual Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago Golf Outing will be held Wednesday, Aug. 21, at the Bloomingdale Golf Club, 181 Glen Ellyn Rd., Bloomingdale (collared shirts and soft spikes required). Deadline for registration and payment is

this Wednesday, Aug. 7. Proceeds will benefit the O'Hare and Midway Airport Chapels. Best Ball Scramble-Bag Drop and Registration will be from 8 to 8:45 a.m., with a 9 a.m. Shotgun Start. The cost is \$170 per golfer, which includes



greens fees, motorized golf cart, coffee & donuts, halfway house lunch, beverage cart tickets, 2-hour open bar, and a BBQ buffet-featuring a whole roast pig! Banquet will immediately follow golf. For information, call Susan Schneider at 773-686-2636 or download flyer www.airportchapels.org/goflyer.pdf

Eighteenth Sunday in Ordinary Time – August 4, 2019 Teach us to number our days aright, that we may gain wisdom of heart. - Psalm 90:12

USING OUR TIME WISELY

A jar of honey lasts practically forever. The oldest jar of honey ever discovered was over five thousand years old. Honey is quite different from market-fresh produce, then; because most fruits and vegetables last only a few days, we treat them carefully. At this time of summer, we rush to find recipes for cherries and cucumbers so we won't waste a single one. We wouldn't feel that same urgency about honev.



In our own way, we are as delightful and fragile as ripe produce. Today's readings urge us not to spoil, but to make good use of our limited time on earth. Ecclesiastes reminds us that because God provides for us now and always, we can manage our daily affairs without anxiety. Saint Paul encourages the Colossians to keep thoughts of heaven in everything they do, and Jesus himself asks us to treasure not earthly wealth, but God alone. Copyright © J. S. Paluch Co.

TODAY'S READINGS

First Reading - Vanity of vanities! All things are vanity! (Ecclesiastes 1:2; 2:21-23). Psalm - If today you hear his voice, harden not your hearts (Psalm 90). Second Reading – You too will appear with Christ your life in glory (Colossians 3:1-5, 9-11). Gospel - For though one may be rich, one's life does not consist of possessions (Luke 12:13-21).

READINGS FOR THE WEEK

Monday: Nm 11:4b-15; Ps 81:12-17; Mt 14:13-21; **Tuesday**: Dn 7:9-10, 13-14; Ps 97:1 -2, 5-6, 9; 2 Pt 1:16-19; Lk 9:28b-36; **Wednesday**: Nm 13:1-2, 25 – 14:1, 26-29a, 34--, 5, 6, 7, 217 116 19, 18, 9:260-36, wetnessay: Nin 13:1-2, 25 – 14:1, 26-29a, 34-35; Ps 106:6-7ab, 13-14, 21-23; Mt 15:21-28; **Thursday**: Nin 20:1-13; Ps 95:1-2, 6-9; Mt 16:13-23; **Friday**: Dt 4:32-40; Ps 77:12-16, 21; Mt 16:24-28; **Saturday**: 2 Cor 9:6-10; Ps 112:1-2, 5-9; Jn 12:24-26; **Sunday**: Wis 18:6-9; Ps 33:1, 12, 18-22; Heb 11:1-2, 4:16[1, 4:24] = 16.5 + 16.5 8-19 [1-2, 8-12]; Lk 12:32-48 [35-40]

TREASURES FROM OUR TRADITION

Apart from the period from Thanksgiving through Christmas, the summer is a favored time for family reunions. We trace family trees and recall our origins. Worship has a family tree as well, and the way we celebrate today has been influenced by various styles and customs through the centuries. We are Western Christians of the Latin Rite. By far, we are the most numerous Western Christians, but there are other ritual families as well. The Archdiocese of Milan in Italy follows the Ambrosian Rite, Toledo in Spain preserves the Mozarabic Rite and the Arab language, and Lyons in France is home to the Gallican Rite. Other liturgical families, such as the Celtic in Ireland and the Sarum in England, faded away after the Reformation. Until recent times, members of some ancient religious orders such as Carmelites and Trappists followed a pattern of Mass that varied slightly from the plan observed in Latin Rite parishes.

Isn't the Catholic Church the same everywhere? Not at all. It never has been! The existence of so many liturgical families in the West reminds us that unity, not uniformity, is what the Church seeks to achieve among her children. We are united in faith, but wonderfully diverse in rituals, ceremonies, languages, customs, and spirituality.-James Field, Copyright © J. S. Paluch

May I be no one's enemy, and may I be the friend of that which is eternal and abides. - St. Eusebius of Vercelli

This Week in the Life of the Church - Feast Days and Notable Events in Church History

Sunday, August 4, 2019

We Remember: ST. JOHN MARY VIANNEY, the Cure of Ars, is the beloved patron of parish priests. "If something uncharitable is said in your presence," said St. John Vianney, "either speak in favor of the absent, or withdraw, or, if possible, stop the conversation." He also said, "Those who are led by the Holy Spirit have true ideas; that is why so many ignorant people are wiser than the learned. The Holy Spirit is light and strength." Born in a hamlet near Lyon, France (1786), to a devout peasant family, John lived through the suppression of the Church during the French Revolution. He was a "delayed vocation" whose academic slowness, as well as political upheavals, greatly hampered his progress through seminary. When nearly 30, he was at last ordained because his bishop was impressed with his devotion and simplicity, and because Lyons, like all of France, was desperate for priests after the ravages of the preceding 25 years. He transformed the godless parish of Ars by holiness, preaching, prayers and penances. He possessed a remarkable gift for reading souls, and Ars became a place of pilgrimage from all over Europe and the Americas because of its holy pastor. He would hear confessions for 18 hours a day! He refused the appointment as a canon of the diocese and when he received the medal of the Legion of Honor in 1843, he sold it in order to give the money to the poor. St. John sought the serenity of a Carthusian monastery several times but was always discovered and brought back to his parish to continue his ministry. He died of exhaustion at the age of 74, as he had predicted, peacefully and without fear, on this date in 1859 and was canonized a saint in 1925. (S,V,W,S)

Monday, August 5, 2019

+ We Remember: DEDICATION OF THE BASILICA OF ST. MARY IN ROME, one of the four major basilicas of Rome. This feast was inaugurated by Pope Sixtus III (432-440) on August 5 and it was a local feast until the fourteenth century. According to legend, during the pontificate of Liberius (352-366), the Roman patrician John and his wife, who were without heirs, made avow to donate their possessions to Our Lady. They implored her to make known to them in what manner they were to dispose of their property in her honor. During the night of August 5, snow fell on the summit of the Esquiline hill and, in obedience to a vision which they had the same night, they built a basilica in honor of Our Lady on the spot which was covered by snow. (This is the origin of the Marian title, Our Lady of the Snows). Above the entrance arch are the words "Plebi Dei," meaning dedicated to the People of God, reportedly from the time of Pope Sixtus III. The central nave is decorated with mosaics that date back to the fifth century. This feast was entered into the Roman calendar in **1586**. (H,S,V)

Tuesday, August 6, 2019

We Remember: THE TRANSFIGURATION OF THE LORD. This feast, kept in the East since the fourth or fifth century, commemorates the event described in Mt 17:1-3. In the West it was made universal in **1457** by **Pope Callistus III** - who died on Transfiguration Day the following year. The dramatic Transfiguration scene gave the Apostles a glimpse of who Jesus of Nazareth really was and prepared them for the coming shocking events of Holy Week. Tradition identified the mountain with Mt. Tabor. (OCY, V) • In 1978, the death of Pope Saint Paul VI in Rome. Giovanni Battista Montini was born in 1897 and served as pope from 1963 to 1978. He guided the Church through its difficult post-Vatican II transition and authored three major encyclicals, including the controversial *Humae Vitae* (1968). Pope Paul was prepared for the papal office by working intimately with popes **Pius XI** and **Pius XII**. A liberal in liturgy, ecumenism, and social questions, he had long advocated the "internationalization" of Curia. But he had not expected the council called by his friend **Pope John XXIII** and thought at first that it would stir up a "hornet's nest of problems." His spiritual adviser told him to relax in the Holy Spirit. So Paul VI - his name was chosen to express the adventurous, outgoing spirit of Paul the missionary to the Gentiles - had to conclude a council that he would not himself have called. He had to be won over to collegiality, reassured that it did not undermine the primacy. But once convinced, he loyally accepted the council's authority. He canonized 84 saints, among them the Americans Elizabeth Ann Seton and John Neumann. He created the Synod of Bishops and convened it five times. First Pope since Pius IX to travel outside Italy, he became known as the "Pilgrim Pope" for his pastoral visits around the world, including the Holy Land (1964), and an address to the U.N. in New York (1965) on the feast of St. Francis, where he proclaimed "Never again war!" He vigorously pursued ecumenism, and in 1967 he and the Patriarch of the Greek Orthodox Church nullified mutual excommunications imposed on each other by their respective churches in 1054. Pope Paul died of a heart attack. He was canonized by Pope Francis Oct. 14, 2018; feast day May 29. (E,W)

Wednesday, August 7, 2019

<u>We Remember</u>: <u>ST. POPE SIXTUS II & COMPANIONS</u> – Pope Sixtus II was seized while celebrating the liturgy in a catacomb and beheaded immediately. We know the date of his martyrdom - **Aug. 6**, **258** - from a letter written by **St. Cyprian**, who was also martyred in **258**. He is commemorated on this date because August 6 is the feast of the **Transfiguration**. St. Sixtus had been pope for only a year. It is probable that all seven of his deacons were martyred with him. (S,B)

***** ST. CAJETAN is also commemorated on Aug. 7. He is intimately associated with the start of the Catholic Counter-Reformation - an attempt by 16th Century Catholics to reform the old Church without leaving it. Cajetan, born in **1480**, became a prelate of the Roman Curia who spent all his spare time in prayer and serving the poor. With a friend, **Fr. Gian Pietro Carafa**, he founded an association of priests and laity to live the Gospel. They later formed the Theatines - a religious order of priests dedicated totally to evangelical living, preaching and renewing the liturgy. Carafa, made a bishop, in time became **Pope Paul IV.** Cajetan, superior of the Theatines, died in **1547** and was canonized a saint in **1671**. (V)

Thursday, August 8, 2019

***** <u>We Remember</u>: <u>ST. DOMINIC</u> was born (1170) in old Castile, Spain. He became a diocesan priest with thoughts of missionary work in north Europe. But then he saw the dangers in the virulent Carthar or Albigensian heresy. Dominic lived and preached in evangelical poverty, gathered others around him, and so founded the **Order of Preachers** (called the **Dominicans**). He labored in France, Spain and Italy. Consumed by work and penance he died, prematurely, on Aug. 6, 1221. (E,V) + <u>ST. MARY</u> <u>MACKILLOP</u> (1842-1909) became the first recognized Catholic saint of Australia with her beatification in 1995 and canonization in 2010. Foundress of the Sisters of St. Joseph of the Sacred Heart. She experienced many terrible trials at the hands of bish-

ops, even being excommunicated by one. She traveled to Rome and Pope Pius IX upheld her congregation, but still the harassment continued. Yet Mother Mary considered such ordeals as "presents from God." The founder of the Sisters of St Joseph in South Australia was born in Melbourne in 1842 and died in Sydney on August 8 in 1909, having seen her congregation firmly established throughout Australia and New Zealand. (AS) \Rightarrow In **1985**, Pope John Paul II flew to Africa to attend the 43rd International Eucharistic Congress in Nairobi, Kenya. During his eleven day trip he visited Morocco and five other countries. (W)

Friday, August 9, 2019

We Remember: ST. TERESA BENEDICTA OF THE CROSS - EDITH STEIN died in the gas chamber at Auschwitz on this day in 1942. The eleventh child of Orthodox Jewish parents, Edith was born in 1891 on Yom Kippur, the Jewish Day of Atonement a fact whose significance she later noted. One night in 1921 she happened upon an autobiography of St. Teresa of Avila, the 16th century Carmelite mystic, and read it through the night. "This is the truth," she concluded, and the following New Year's Day she was baptized in the Catholic Church. For eight years she taught in a Dominican school for girls, and then in 1932 obtained an academic post in Munster. But as the Nazis rose to power, Edith almost immediately felt the sting of anti-Semitism and with unusual foresight saw where the campaign of hatred would lead. She wrote to the pope, Pius XI, requesting an audience, hoping to alert him to the peril facing the Jews, but her request went unanswered. Meanwhile she was dismissed from her teaching position with the regrets of the university administration as the Nazis stepped up their attacks. Edith "understood the terrible storm that was approaching, and she felt in some way that her Jewish-Christian identity imposed a unique vocation," writes Robert Ellsberg in All Saints. Praying in a Carmelite convent in Cologne, she later recalled, "I spoke with the Savior to tell him I realized it was his Cross that was now being laid upon the Jewish people, that the few who understood this had the responsibility of carrying it in the name of all, and that I myself was willing to do this, if he would only show me how." The loss of her job allowed Edith to explore her growing attraction to religious life, and she became a Carmelite nun Apr. 15, 1934, taking the name Teresa Benedicta a Cruce (Blessed by the Cross). On Nov. 8, 1938 - Kristallnacht - the all-out war against the Jews was declared. Believing herself a danger to her Sisters, Edith allowed herself to be smuggled out of Germany to a Carmelite convent in Holland. The Nazis occupied Holland in 1940, and despite living in a cloister, Edith was required to wear the Yellow Star of David on her habit. Then the deportations began. Up until July 26, 1942, the Germans had been willing to spare Jewish-Christians, provided the churches kept silent. But on that day the bishops of Holland would be silent no longer and denounced the persecution of the Jews from pulpits throughout the country. The enraged Nazis retaliated within a week by putting all Jewish Catholics, including members of religious orders, under arrest. Meanwhile Edith's sister, Rosa, had also converted and joined her as a laywoman at the convent. They were both arrested by the Gestapo Aug. 2, 1942. Rosa, distraught, was consoled by her sister: "Come, Rosa. We're going for our people." Ellsberg writes, "Survivors of the following days describe the nun's courage and composure despite her clear certainty of the fate that awaited her. She occupied herself with prayer while caring for the terrified children and consoling mothers separated from their husbands. Someone described her as a Pietà without the Christ. "From a detention camp in Holland she followed the same route as millions of others: the wretched journey by sealed boxcar, the arrival half-starved at a strange camp amid snarling dogs and cursing guards, the infamous "selection," then the stripping, then the brisk walk to the shower room, from which none emerged." On Aug. 10, 1987, Pope John Paul II beatified her as a confessor and martyr of the church during a visit to Germany. The event provoked controversy, writes Ellsberg, since "Many Jews complained that Stein, like six million others, had died as a Jew, and not for her Christian faith. There is truth to this. But what is remarkable about Stein is not the manner of her death but her understanding of that death - in solidarity with her people, as an act of atonement for the evil of her time, and as a conscious identification with the cross of Christ." (A, AS,W)

✤ On the same day of Edith's death a year later FRANZ JÄGERSTÄTTER (1907-1943) was beheaded as an "enemy of the state" for being a conscientious objector. For many in his village, his death was a sad embarrassment - but no one was surprised by his stand. Franz had once been known as something of a village ruffian, but he returned with zeal to the Catholic faith. Some felt he took his piety "a bit too far." He resisted serving in military since any form of service would be the recognition of the Nazi cause. This, he was convinced, would be a mortal sin. His wife, family, neighbors, parish priest and even the local bishop tried to dissuade him from this dangerous resolution to reject his induction notice, appealing to his responsibility to his wife, three daughters and the Fatherland. But he remained steadfast in his conviction. Franz described a dream he had in 1938 in a document written while he was in prison. Crowds of people were struggling to board a shiny new train. At some point he heard a voice announce, "This train is bound for hell." It occurred to him afterward that this train was a symbol for the Nazi movement. While imprisoned Franz continued to hear appeals from the prison chaplain, his attorney and military officers to renounce his conscience and save his life. "Somehow, in contrast to virtually the entire church establishment of his country, he was able to discern how impossible it was to reconcile the evil nature of Nazism with the commandments of Christ. Nevertheless, his sacrifice, seemingly fruitless in his own time, presented an example, a beacon of conscience, that would illuminate the path of generations to come." (AS)

Saturday, August 10, 2019

***** <u>We Remember</u>: <u>ST. LAWRENCE</u>, deacon & martyr, the most famous of Roman martyrs, was killed four days after **Pope Sixtus**. Lawrence became famous because of his youth, evangelical love for the poor, courage before his torturers, and sense of humor while dying. He died on **Aug. 10, 258**. (V)

Sources include: (AS) All Saints, Robert Ellsberg, Crossroad, 1997. (B) Book of Saints, Benedictine Monks, Morehouse, 1993. (C) Catholic Book of Days, John Deedy, Thomas More, 1989. (D) Day by Day with the Saints, Patrick Moran, OSV, 1985. (F) Famous Christians, Tony Castle, Servant, 1988. (G) Guide to the Saints, Kristin E. White, Ivy Books, 1991. (L) Butler's Lives of the Saints I-IV, Christian Classics, 1995. (OCY) Oxford Companion to the Year, Blackburn, 1999. (P) Pocket Dictionary of Saints, John Delaney, Image, 1983. (S) Saints of the Roman Calendar, Enzo Lodi, Alba, 1992. (V) Vatican II Weekday Missal, Daughters of St. Paul, 1975. (W) We Celebrate, We Commemorate, Patrick Walsh. This Week in the Life of the Church is compiled by Mike Brennan. Tax-deductible contributions to the Chicago Airports Catholic Chaplaincy are welcome. E-mail: ordchapel@gmail.com.