terpaíth zírport chapels op chicazo chicazo miduay and o bare international dirports P.O. Box 66353 • Chicago, Illinois 60666-0353 • (773) 686-AMEN (2636) • www.airportchapels.org

<u>WEEK OF AUJUSĆ 19 - 25. 2018</u> WELCOME TO THE INTERFAITH AIRPORT CHAPELS OF CHICAGO! The

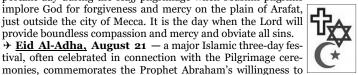
O'Hare Airport Chapel and Midway Airport Chapel are each a peaceful oasis in a busy venue. A place to bow your head in prayer while lifting up your heart and spirit! Prayer books and rugs, rosaries, and worship materials are available, as are chaplains for spiritual counsel. You are welcome to attend Mass or Worship services and to come to the chapels (open 24/7) to pray or medi-

tate. May God bless your travels. - Fr. Michael Zaniolo, Administrator

interpaith calendar & events

+Yaum-al-Arafah: Day of Atonement, August 20 - The most im-

portant day during the Hajj pilgrimage when Muslim pilgrims implore God for forgiveness and mercy on the plain of Arafat, just outside the city of Mecca. It is the day when the Lord will provide boundless compassion and mercy and obviate all sins. \Rightarrow <u>Eid Al-Adha</u>, August 21 — a major Islamic three-day festival, often celebrated in connection with the Pilgrimage cere-



sacrifice his son Ishmael in obedience to God. After the morning communal prayer, pilgrims and other Muslims throughout the world slaughter an animal in commemoration of the Angel Gabriel's substitution of a lamb as Abraham's sacrificial obligation, and then share the meet with family members, neighbors and the needy.

+ Zhongyuan Jie (Ghost Festival), August 25 - a day in which Taoists believe that the spirits of deceased ancestors visit the homes of the living. Feasts are prepared and empty seats are left at the family table to allow both the living and the dead to sit down together and share a meal. > Source: The 2018 InterFaith Calendar, Council of Religious Leaders of Metropolitan Chicago

ORD CATHOLIC MASS INTENTIONS

08/18/18	4:00 p.m. † Leo & Delores Bernardoni req. by Family
	6:00 p.m. † Frank & Henry LeDoux req. by Peggy Ann (Shea) Smart
08/19/18	6:30 a.m. † Virginia Bohney req. by Kenneth Bohney
	9:00 a.m. • Marcus Maloney req. by Cynthia Maloney
	11:00 a.m. † Teodoro Medina, Sr. req. by Tom & Judith Jaconetty
	1:00 p.m. † Bertha Katakis req. by Fr. Leon Rezula
08/20/18	11:30 a.m. † Marian Schifferdecker req. by Jean Schifferdecker
08/21/18	11:30 a.m. † Mary Lynch Bailey req. by Mr. & Mrs. Thomas Bailey
08/22/18	11:30 a.m. † Mary V. Daley req. by John & Theresa Daly
08/23/18	11:30 a.m. • M. Susthakon req. by Timothy Reilly
08/24/18	11:30 a.m. • Our Lady of Guadalupe for Safe Journey req. Mary Elamana • Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial
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08/18/18 4:00 p.m. † Mary Polajner req. by Niece 08/19/18 9:00 a.m. • Anne Mueller req. by Mary Mueller 11:00 a.m. † Raymond F. Kulik req. by Daniel Kulik 08/20/18 11:30 a.m. † Mrs. Rita Cahill req. by Susan Jamieson 08/21/18 11:30 a.m. † Don Hiatt req. by Barbara Hiatt 08/22/18 11:30 a.m. • Kortlyn Carr req. by Jeannie Dankowski 08/23/18 11:30 a.m. † Susan Fulkerson req. by E. Wenzel 08/24/18 11:30 a.m. † Ruth Cahill req. by Susan Jamieson enotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial

<u>ποαι γικροκέ chapel</u> Concourse C. Mezzanine Level (Inside Security Checkpoint) **ROMAN CATHOLIC MASSES** SATURDAY VIGIL: 4:00 p.m. SUNDAY: 9:00 a.m. & 11:00 a.m. Monday-Friday: 11:30 a.m. Evening before Holy Day: 4:00 p.m. Holy Day: Check Bulletin Announcements www.airporthapels.org/holydayschedule.html

PROTESTANT WORSHIP Monday - Thursday 10:00 a.m. & 1:30 p.m. Friday & Holidays 8:00 a.m. & 10:00 a.m. Saturday & Sunday 10:00 a.m., 12:00 & 1:30 p.m.

οπο δίπροπέ chapel Terminal 2. Mezzanine Level (Outside Security Checkpoint) **ROMAN CATHOLIC MASSES** SATURDAY VIGIL: 4:00 & 6:00 p.m. SUNDAY: 6:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m. Monday-Friday: 11:30 a.m. Evening before Holy Day: 4:00 p.m. Holy Day: Check Bulletin Announcements www.airporthapels.org/holydayschedule.html

> ISLAMIC JUMA' PRAYER Friday: 1:15 p.m.

PROTESTANT WORSHIP See Website for Schedule

chapel zolp outing registration this wednesday

+ The 17th annual Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago Golf Outing will be held this Wednesday, Aug. 22, at the Bloom-ingdale Golf Club, 181 Glen Ellyn Rd., Bloomingdale (collared shirts and soft spikes required). Proceeds will benefit the

O'Hare and Midway Airport Chapels. Best Ball Scramble-Bag Drop and Registration will be from 8 to 8:45 a.m., with a 9 a.m. Shotgun Start. The cost is \$170 per golfer, which



includes greens fees, motorized golf cart, coffee & donuts, halfway house lunch, beverage cart tickets, 2-hour open bar, and a BBQ buffet-featuring a whole roast pig! Banquet will immediately follow golf. For information, call Susan Schneider at 773-686-2636 or download flyer www.airportchapels.org/goflyer.pdf

Twentieth Sunday in Ordinary Time - August 19, 2018 Unless you eat the flesh of the Son of Man and drink his blood, you do not have life within you. - John 6:53

THIS EUCHARISTIC FEAST

Some things about human nature don't change, even over the course of centuries. When we celebrate a holiday, we have a meal; when we celebrate a significant event, we have a feast. In today's first reading, Lady Wisdom is setting a feast, a sign of celebrating the covenant that Israel

has with God. Israel's central remembrance of its saving Exodus covenant is the Passover meal. So it is natural-and not coincidental-that the Christian celebration of the new covenant sealed by the blood of Christ on the cross happens at a meal, our Eucharist, offered first by Jesus in the context of Passover remembrance. It is easy for us, sometimes, to forget the very long and rich religious and human origins of our Eucharistic feasting on the bread and cup that are



the Body and Blood of Jesus. Today, and for the next few Sundays that we hear the "Bread of Life" discourse from John, let us bring to mind the loving covenant that God makes with us, and be filled with great joy at this marvelous feast that we have come to attend!

TODAY'S READINGS

First Reading - Wisdom has built her house; she has dressed her meat, mixed her wine, yes, she has spread her table (Proverbs 9:1-6).

Psalm – Taste and see the goodness of the Lord (Psalm 34).

Second Reading – Be filled with the Spirit, giving thanks always and for everything (Ephesians 5:15-20). Gospel - I am the living bread that came down from heaven (John 6:51-58).

READINGS FOR THE WEEK

Monday:	Ez 24:15-24; Dt 32:18-21; Mt 19:16-22		
Tuesday:	Ez 28:1-10; Dt 32:26-28, 30, 35cd-36ab; Mt 19:23-30		
Wednesday:	Ez 34:1-11; Ps 23:1-6; Mt 20:1-16		
Thursday:	Ez 36:23-28; Ps 51:12-15, 18-19; Mt 22:1-14		
Friday:	Rv 21:9b-14; Ps 145:10-13, 17-18; Jn 1:45-51		
Saturday:	Ez 43:1-7a; Ps 85:9ab, 10-14; Mt 23:1-12		
Sunday:	Jos 24:1-2a, 15-17, 18b; Ps 34:2-3, 16-21;		
-	Eph 5:21-32 [2a, 25-32]; Jn 6:60-69		
	TREASURES FROM OUR TRADITION		
Comptimes the	Sometimes the heat of summer translates into unrest in a situ's street		

Sometimes the heat of summer translates into unrest in a city's streets. In the summer of 1834, popular sentiment against the presence of the Ursuline nuns near Boston reached a boiling point. An influx of Irish laborers had an impact on the work force in the city, and a deep-seated resentment against Catholics fueled the fire. The nuns supported themselves with a school, and most of the young women students were drawn from patrician Protestant families. Nevertheless, rumors fed by the saga of an unhappy junior sister and a later episode of a senior sister fleeing the place increased tensions. The city's selectmen were given a tour by the disgruntled sister, who by then had returned, and found all things in good order. That didn't please the mob, and the mother superior didn't help matters when she said that the bishop had platoons of Irishmen at hand, twenty thousand strong, to do marauders harm. By August 11, the convent had been invaded, ransacked, and burned to the ground. The nuns fled to Maine and Canada. The diocese attempted to recover losses, but the commonwealth offered only ten thousand dollars, which was rejected. Years later, a legislative bill for the state to rebuild the convent and school was roundly defeated. Yet the enterprise of Catholic education had great resilience, and in 1946, more than a hundred years after the riots, the Ursulines returned to Boston to re-establish an academy that endures to the present day. -Rev. James Field, Copyright © J. S. Paluch Co.

chis week in the lipe op the church - peast days and notable events in church history

Sunday, August 19, 2018

We Remember: ST. JOHN EUDES, "born in 1601 in Normandy, the oldest of seven children, was educated by the Jesuits and later entered the Congregation of the Oratory founded at Paris. Ordained a priest in **1625**, he later was named superior of the Oratorians at Caen but still continued his apostolate of preaching popular missions and giving conferences to the clergy in Normandy and Brittany. In 1643, John Eudes left the Oratorians in order to found the Congregation of Jesus and Mary (popularly known as the Eudists), whose purpose was to preach missions in the rural districts and to conduct seminaries. In 1644 he founded the Work of Our Lady of Charity (or of Refuge), which eventually became the Institute of the Good Shepherd. He was an ardent promoter of devotion to the Sacred Hearts of Jesus and Mary. After 48 years of ministry, he died at age 79." (*S:Saints of the Roman Calendar, Enzo Lodi, p. 232-3*)

Monday, August 20, 2018

We Remember: ST. BERNARD OF CLAIRVAUX (1090-1153), Cistercian abbot and Doctor of the Church noted for his eloquence and mystical writings. This great saint died at Clairvaux, France, on this date in 1153, was canonized in 1174 and proclaimed Doctor of the Church in 1830. Because of him, the twelfth century is sometimes called the "Bernardine period." Born in 1090 at Burgundy, France, of a noble family, Bernard entered the abbey at Citeaux at the age of 23, taking with him thirty friends and relatives. This led to a revival of the Cistercian Order, and after three years Bernard became abbot at Clairvaux, a daughter house of Citeaux. His work extended beyond the cloister: he was commissioned by Pope Eugene III to preach the second Crusade, and he also founded numerous abbeys, from Spain to Syria and from Sicily to Sweden. Bernard was employed frequently as a peacemaker and venerated as much for his doctrine and interior life as for his numerous miracles. (S)

Tuesday, August 21, 2018

We Remember: ST. PIUS X (1835-1914), POPE, second of the 20th century popes, "Pope of the Eucharist," canonized by Pope Pius XII on May 29, 1954. Joseph Sarto was born into a poor family in the little Italian town of Riese in 1835. Scholarships enabled this highly intelligent young man to pursue priestly studies. Simplicity of lifestyle endeared him to all, throughout a long and distinguished career - from simple parish priest to Bishop of Mantua, Cardinal-Patriarch of Venice and eventually Pope in 1903. "To defend the Catholic faith and to restore all things in Christ" became his motto as Pope Pius X. During his short pontificate, he exhorted bishops to reorganize seminaries and provide the best possible training for the clergy. He sought to combat ignorance among the people by religious instruction of young and old; he himself shared this task by giving Sunday instruction to the people in one of the Vatican courtyards. Pius X's pontificate was extremely fruitful, not only because of the liturgical reforms that he inaugurated (the Breviary, the Mass, Gregorian chant, reception of Communion and a more active participation of the faithful in the liturgy), but also because of his pastoral work for the Church. In this area we should note his Catechism, his preaching every Sunday, the promulgation of the Code of Canon Law, the reform of the Roman Curia, the publication of the Acta Apostolicae Sedis, codification of the laws governing marriage, and regulations concerning study and formation of the clergy. He promoted biblical studies and founded the Biblical Institute in Rome, preparing a critical edition of the Vulgate Bible. Reception of Holy Communion by children was extended in his decree Quam singulari, and he advocated frequent communion. He was not interested in diplomacy and was intransigent in opposing every form of liberalism. As a result, he had serious conflicts with Russia, Germany, Spain, Portugal and the United States (he refused to grant an audience to Theodore Roosevelt). He was adamant in preserving the separation between Church and State and forbade the clergy to become involved in politics. Lamenting the loss of so many lives as World War I began, Pope Pius died 22 days after it started. His incorrupt body was venerated in St. Peter's basilica but in 1959 it was returned to Venice, thus fulfilling his promise when he left for the papal election in 1903: "Living or dead, I shall return." He wrote in his will: "I was born poor, I have lived in poverty, and I wish to die poor." (S) Wednesday, August 22, 2018

We Remember: The **Queenship of Mary** commemorates the high dignity of Mary as Queen of heaven, angels and people. Pope Pius XII instituted this memorial to the Blessed Virgin in the encyclical *Ad Caeli Reginam* on **Oct. 11, 1954,** in connection with the centenary of the proclamation of the dogma of the **Immaculate Conception**, and four years after the proclamation of the dogma of the **Assumption.** The original date of the memorial was May 31, but it has been transferred to the octave day of the **Assumption** in order to link her Queenship to her glorification, as is stated in the document **Lumen Gentium** of Vatican Council II.

Thursnesday, August 23, 2018

+ <u>We Remember</u>: <u>ST. ROSE OF LIMA</u> (1586-1617) was the first saint of the New World to be canonized and is "thus a witness to the fact that, amid the injustice and inhumanity inseparably bound up with the Spanish conquest of America, the leaven of Christianity was still at work," says *Day by Day with the Saints*. Born Isabel de Santa Maria de Flores to humble Spanish parents at Lima, she took the name **Rose** at confirmation. Noted for her beauty, she resisted her parents' efforts to have her marry and practiced great austerities,

taking **St. Catherine of Siena** as her model from her childhood days. In **1623** Rose was instrumental in the founding of the first monastery of cloistered Dominican nuns in Lima. She experienced mystical gifts and visions of such an extraordinary nature that a commission of priests and doctors was appointed to examine her; they decided the phenomena were of supernatural origin. Stories of her holiness spread, and her garden became the spiritual center of the city. When earthquakes struck nearby, her prayers were credited with sparing Lima. When Rose died in Lima Aug. 24, 1617, at the age of 31, the entire city venerated her as a saint. Canonized by Clement X in 1671, she was proclaimed patroness of the Americas, Philippines and the West Indies. (D.P.S)

Friday, August 24, 2018

We Remember: ST. BARTHOLOMEW, APOSTLE (1st Century) from Cana in Galilee, is identified by some as Nathaniel because St. Matthew lists him together with Philip as one of the first apostles chosen by Christ. There is no agreement on where he preached the gospel. Eusebius says he preached in India; Rufinus, in Ethiopia and Arabia; but others mention places such as Mesopotamia and Phrygia. Most likely, he went to Armenia, where he converted the king and, at the order of the king's brother, was skinned alive (according to the Persian custom) and then beheaded. His relics were transferred to various places: to Armenia in the seventh century; to Benevento in the ninth century; and finally to Rome in the tenth century. The skull of St. Bartholomew has been venerated in Frankfurt, Germany, since 1238, and he has been named a patron of the sick. This feast was celebrated on this date in France in the 8th and in Rome in the 9th and 10th centuries. (S) In 1572, the terrible St. Bartholomew's Day MASSACRE OF THE HUGUENOTS began in Paris. The Huguenot movement originated in the **16th century** as part of the Reformation and found support among all sections of French society, despite constant and severe persecution. Owing to political intrigue, religious intolerance and the resentment of the lower class of the generally more prosperous Huguenots, mobs hunted down their leaders but soon a massacre unfolded of horrific proportions. Despite government orders to stop, the murders of Protestants continued in the provinces through October. In Paris during the night of Aug. 23-24, it is estimated that more than 3,000 people were killed. Five more civil wars were waged between French Protestants and Catholics in the years that followed, until the Edict of Nantes in 1589 provided a fair amount of religious liberty - at least, until it was rescinded in 1685. It would be another century before Catholic control of France would be challenged again, during the bloody French Revolution. (OCY)

Saturday, August 25, 2018

We Remember: ST. LOUIS, KING (1214-1270), for whom the city to our southwest is named, was born near Paris and crowned King Louis IX of France at the age of 12; his mother, Blanche, served as regent until he could assume full power, and she was the greatest influence on him. Married to Margaret of Provence at 19, they had 11 children. Louis was a good ruler, much loved by his people. He is remembered for his personal piety, justice and charity, and especially for his lifelong generosity to the poor of his realm. France prospered throughout his 44-year reign. One of his overriding ambitions was the liberation of the Holy Land, and to this end he embarked on several Crusades, but without success; he was once captured and ransomed. Louis was a friend of St. Thomas Aquinas; he founded Sorbonne University, founded many monasteries, and built the famous Sainte Chapelle in Paris to house his large collection of relics. He died of typhus in Tunis, Africa, during a crusade in 1270, and was canonized by Pope Boniface VIII in 1297. (S,I,L) + ST. JOSEPH CALASANZ, PRIEST (1556-1648), was dedicated to the formation of Christian youth and a teacher of wisdom. Born in Aragon (Spain), he became a doctor of civil and canon law at the University of Alcala, and was ordained a priest in 1584. Serving in Rome as a theologian for Cardinal Colonna, Joseph was shocked at the condition of abandoned children in the Trastevere (a section of Rome "across the Tiber"), and he opened a free school in that district. Eventually, he attracted others to join him in the work, and out of this he founded the Congregation of Clerks Regular of Pious Schools. After many troubles, some caused by members of his own community, he willingly suffered even the suppression of his religious institute, trusting that vindication would follow. He was accused of being incompetent in governing the Congregation, and his opponents prevailed because they had friends in high places in the Vatican. Pope Innocent X suppressed the Congregation in 1646, and Joseph died two years later at age 92, highly venerated by the people of Rome. His institute was restored in 1669. In 1948, he was declared patron of popular Christian schools.

III 1940, He was therefalled participation of popular clinits fail Schools, Morehouse, 1993. (CB) Cambridge Biographical Encyclopedia, 1999. (C) Catholie Book of Days, John Deedy, Thomas More, 1989. (D) Day by Day with the Saints, Patrick Moran, OSY, 1995. (ES) Encyclopedia of Saints, C. Jočká, Alpine, 1995. (F) Famous Christians, Tow Castle, Servani, 1988. (G) Guide to the Saints, Kristin E. White, by Books, 1991. (H) Heavenly Friends, Rosalie Marie Levy, DSP, 1984. (L) Butler's lives of the Saints I-IV Christian Classics, 1995. (L2) Lives of the Saints, C. Jacká, Alpine, 1995. (F) Fundue Marie Levy, DSP, 1984. (L) Butler's lives of the Saints I-IV, Christian Classics, 1995. (L2) Lives of the Saints, C. Jacká, Alpideeri, Bance Skoble, 1994. (M) The Middle Ages, Concise Encyclopedia, H. Lon, 1989. (OCV) Oxford Companion to the Year, Blackburn, 1999. (DDP) Oxford Dictionary of Popes, J.D. Kelly, Oktohn, Roman Catholie Books, 1994. (V) Vatiean II Weekday Missala, Daughiers of SL Paul, 1975. (W) We Celebrate, We Commemorate, Patrick Walsh. This Week in the Life of the Church is completel y Miles Brenna. E-mail: conduct Ages and the Church is completel philes Brenna. E-mail conduct Contrapied Contrapient conduct Contrapient Co

 Rev. Fr. Michael G. Zaniolo, STL, CAC — Administrator/Catholic Chaplain *Roman Catholic Architocese of Chicago* Mr. Qazi M. Biabani — Imam Khateeb/Muslim Chaplain *Muslim Community Center of Chicago* Rev. Dr. Hutz H. Hertzberg - Protestant Chaplain The Moody Church of Chicago

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