# Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago



# Chicago Midway and O'Hare International Airports

P.O. Box 66353 • Chicago, Illinois 60666-0353 • (773) 686-AMEN (2636) • www.airportchapels.org

#### Week of August 30 — September 5, 2020

#### WELCOME TO THE INTERFAITH AIRPORT CHAPELS OF CHICAGO!



The O'Hare Airport Chapel and Midway Airport Chapel are each a peaceful oasis in a busy venue. A place to bow your head in prayer while lifting up your heart and spirit! Prayer books and rugs, rosaries, and worship materials are available, as are chaplains for spiritual counsel. You are welcome to attend Mass or Worship services and to come to the chapels (open 24/7) to pray or meditate.

WE HAVE IMPLEMENTED A MODIFIED SCHEDULE of Catholic Mass and Protestant Worship Services. Everyone, of course, must wear a mask or face covering and keep six feet of social distance. The Chapel chairs will be clearly marked for social distance.

#### O'Hare:

Catholic Mass: Saturdays - 4:00 & 6:00 p.m. Sundays - 9:00 & 11:00 a.m. Weekdays - 11:30 a.m.

Muslim Friday Juma prayer is still temporarily suspended until further notice.

#### Midway:

Catholic Mass: Sundays - 9:00 & 11:00 a.m.

Protestant Worship: Sundays - 10:00 a.m. & 12:00 noon Monday thru Thursday - 10:00 a.m. & 1:30 p.m. Friday - 8:00 & 10:00 a.m.

You can also find our regular schedule, weekly bulletin, and other information at <a href="www.airportchapels.org">www.airportchapels.org</a>. I ask that you please pray for our airport workers and travelers and their families during these uncertain and difficult times. Please also pray for health care workers and their loved ones. Know that you & your families are always in my prayers.

May God bless you always,

#### Fr. Michael Zaniolo

Administrator, Interfaith Airport Chapels of Chicago Roman Catholic Chaplain, Chicago Airports Catholic Chaplaincy

#### Interfaith Calendar & Events

- → <u>September 1</u>: <u>Ecclesiastical Year</u> begins for Orthodox Christians Catholics begin the Ecclesiastical Year the First Sunday of Advent.
- → September 2: Buddhists observe <u>Ullambana</u> (<u>Ancestor Day</u>) Wednesday, Sept. 2. In the Mahayana tradition, on the first day of the eight lunar, spirits visit the world for 15 days when ancestors are remembered. Theravadins from Thailand, Cambodia and Laos also observe this day. → <u>Zhongyuan Jie</u> (Ghost Festival), Sept. 2 a day in which Taoists believe that the spirits of deceased ancestors visit the homes of the living. Feasts are prepared and empty seats are left at the family table to allow both the living and the dead to sit down together and share a meal.
- → Source: The 2020 InterFaith Calendar, Council of Religious Leaders of Metropolitan Chicago

#### Chapel Staff Birthdays & Anniversaries

→ Birthday blessing go out to Mr. Daniel Fletcher today, Sunday, Aug. 30

#### ORD Airport Chapel Catholic Mass Intentions

08/29/20 4:00 p.m. † Len & Mary Gruber req. by Jack O'Toole

6:00 p.m. † 2nd Lt. Harold C. Dalley, II req. by Capt. Paul Robison, Jr.

08/30/20 9:00 a.m.  $\bullet$  Helen S. Trogon req. by Jerry Rymut

11:00 a.m. † Oresto DiCristofaro req. by Donna DiCristofaro

08/31/20 11:30 a.m. † Angela & Nelson Holman req. by Melinda Ebright

09/01/20 11:30 a.m. † Liberty & Alex Ebright req. by Melinda Ebright 09/02/20 11:30 a.m. • Anne McWilliams req. by Virginia Hammerness

09/03/20 11:30 a.m. • Larry Hammerness req. by Virginia Hammerness

09/04/20 11:30 a.m. † John & Mary Forrette req. by Marcine & John Forrette

Denotes Living/Special Intention † Denotes Deceased/Memorial

#### MDW Airport Chapel Catholic Mass Intentions

08/30/20 9:00 a.m. † Fr. George McKenna req. by Patricia Melton

11:00 a.m. • Victor Banter req. by Scott & Lisa Deboer

Denotes Living/Special Intention + Denotes Deceased/Memorial

#### Airport chapels Celebrate Jubilee Year Honoring Our Lady

The August 9 edition of the **Chicago Catholic** newspaper featured an article about the Chapels of O'Hare and Midway Airports and, more specifically, about the Jubilee Year of the 100th anniversary of the proclamation of Our Lady of Loreto as Patroness of air travelers. The article is available online at:



https://www.chicagocatholic.com/ chicagoland/-/article/2020/08/05/airport-chapels-celebratejubilee-year-honoring-our-la-1

### Twenty second Sunday in Ordinary Time — August 30, 2020

Be transformed by the renewal of your mind, that you may discern what is the will of God, what is good and pleasing and perfect. — *Romans 12:2* 

#### THE CROSS OF JESUS

The perception of a cross changed dramatically after Jesus' crucifixion. Before that event, death on a cross was not only horrible, it was degrading.



It was a penalty reserved only for the most wretched of criminals. The word "glory" would not have found its way into the same sentence containing the word "cross." But all that changed with Jesus. Over time, believers began to venerate and honor the cross. They painted, sculpted, and carved images of it. Many lost their own lives for their association with it. Today our reverence for and relationship

with the cross recalls little of the contempt originally associated with it. As it has been through the ages, it is our perception of the cross that determines how we follow Jesus. Copyright © J. S. Paluch Co.

#### TODAY'S READINGS

**First Reading** — The name of the LORD has become like fire burning in Jeremiah's heart (Jeremiah 20:7-9). **Psalm** — My soul is thirsting for you, O Lord my God (Psalm 63). **Second Reading** — Be transformed; renew your mind; discern what is good (Romans 12:1-2). **Gospel** — Those who lose their lives for Jesus' sake will find them (Matthew 16:21-27).

#### READINGS FOR THE WEEK

Monday: 1 Cor 2:1-5; Ps 119:97-102; Lk 4:16-30 Tuesday: 1 Cor 2:10b-16; Ps 145:8-14; Lk 4:31-37 Wednesday: 1 Cor 3:1-9; Ps 33:12-15, 20-21; Lk 4:38-44 Thursday: 1 Cor 3:18-23; Ps 24:1bc-4ab, 5-6; Lk 5:1-11 Friday: 1 Cor 4:1-5; Ps 37:3-6, 27-28, 39-40; Lk 5:33-39 Saturday: 1 Cor 4:6b-15; Ps 145:17-21; Lk 6:1-5 Sunday: Ez 33:7-9; Ps 95:1-2, 6-9; Rom 13:8-10; Mt 18:15-20

#### SAINT GREGORY THE GREAT (540-604) — September 3

Imagine, fourteen hundred years after death, boasting a best-selling CD! Yet outside the Church and within, Gregorian chant is enjoying a renaissance. Still, the timeless sacred music that bears his name is but part of Gregory's legacy. Renouncing civic service for monastic life, Gregory's administrative and diplomatic skills prompted continual summons from the cloister. Papal ambassador and advisor, he was eventually elected pope himself, renowned as a wise steward of the church's material possessions, generous benefactor of the poor, sponsor of missionaries, and promotor of monasticism. His liturgical enrichment of the Church endures not only in Gregorian chant, but in eloquent homilies still gracing the Liturgy of the Hours, the "Gregorian Canon" (Eucharistic Prayer I), and his spiritual classic, Pastoral Care, once presented to new bishops at ordination. Of countless impressive papal titles-Supreme Pontiff, Vicar of Christ, Successor of Saint Peter, Prince of the Apostles-the title still so cherished that it heads official documents is the one Gregory coined to describe his papal ideal: Servant of the Servants of God. Together with being designated "the Great," a fitting epitaph. —Peter Scagnelli, Copyright © J. S. Paluch Co.

#### PRESENCE

Wherever you see another, there I am. —Rabbinical saying

#### TRAITS OF A TEACHER

All who undertake to teach must be endowed with deep love, the greatest patience, and, most of all, profound humility. The Lord will find them worthy to become fellow workers with him in the cause of truth.

-St. Joseph Calasanz

## This Week in the Life of the Church - Jeast Days and Aotable Events in Church History

Sunday, August 30, 2020

**†** We Remember: ST. MARGARET WARD (died 1588). A maidservant in 16th-century London, St. Margaret was implicated with John Roche, a friend, in helping a prisoner (Fr. Richard Watson) escape from prison. When captured by police, she refused to divulge the priest's hiding place. Queen Elizabeth I ordered the prisoners to be hanged at Tyburn prison. St. Margaret was beatified in 1929 and canonized in 1970 as one of the 40 Martyrs of England and Wales. She died on this day in 1588. (D,S,B) Monday, August 31, 2020

**We Remember**: **ST. AIDAN**, **BISHOP**. This early Irish saint was a monk who, at the request of St. Oswald, King of Northumbria, was sent to evangelize northern England. He fixed his see at **Lindisfarne** (Holy Island) where he ruled as abbot and bishop. His apostolate, furthered by numberless miracles, was most fruitful, and is witnessed to in the writings of **St. Bede.** He died in **651**.

Tuesday, September 1, 2020

**\*** We Remember: World Day of Prayer for the Care of Creation
Though ST. GILES (c. 712) was one of most popular saints during the later
Middle Ages, most accounts of his life were based on popular legend. He was
probably born in Provencal, was the abbot of a monastery on the Rhone,
where the city of Saint-Gilles now stands. His shrine was a much frequented
place of pilgrimage. More than 160 churches were dedicated in his name in
England alone. Giles is remembered as among the 14 Holy Helpers - the
only one who is not a martyr. He is venerated as the patron saint of the
handicapped, beggars and blacksmiths. (B,D)

Wednesday, September 2, 2020

**†** We Remember: ST. BROCARD (d. 1231). St. Berthold's successor as prior of the Frankish hermits of Mt. Carmel in the Holy Land, Brocard became superior in 1195. At his request, St. Albert, patriarch of Jerusalem, drew up for them the rule under which they developed in the West into the Order of Mt. Carmel. Brocard was highly respected by the Muslims. (B,D) ● In 909, Duke William of Aquitane presented the land upon which the Benedictine Abbey of Cluny was built - one of the greatest monasteries in Christian history -to Blessed Benno, the first abbot. ★ BLESSED JOHN DU LAU AND COMPANIONS, MARTYRS OF PARIS (died 1792). Today we commemorate 191 priests and bishops who were massacred in September, 1792, during the Terror of the French Revolution. Rounded up for deportation, they were attacked by a mob.

Thursday, September 3, 2020 - Pope Gregory the Great

**†** We Remember: ST. GREGORY THE GREAT (c. 540-604) ranks with Ambrose, Jerome and Augustine among the great Doctors of the Western Church. His piety was instilled in him by his mother and two aunts. He became a deeply ascetic monk who made his Roman home on the



Coelian Hill a noted monastery and founded six monasteries in Sicily. His own wealth and the wealth of the Church were to him the property of the poor and needy. "This saintly pope died in Rome on Mar. 12, 604, afflicted not only with physical suffering but dismayed at witnessing the desolation and ruin inflicted on the city by the barbarian invaders," says Enzo Lodi. "The feast is celebrated today, Sept. 3, the date of his episcopal ordination in 590, to avoid having the feast fall during the Lenten season. Gregory was born in Rome in 540, son of a Roman senator and administrator of one of the seven regions of Rome. Gregory himself became prefect of the city from 573-578, and after the death of his father he distributed his great wealth among various monasteries

and turned the family home into a monastery. In 579 he was sent to Constantinople as the emissary of Pope Pelagius II, after being ordained a deacon. But even at the court of the emperor, Gregory continued to live the monastic life. He returned to Rome in 586 and was named abbot of the monastery of St. Andrew. He also served as secretary to Pope Pelagius II, whom he succeeded as pope on this day, Sept. 3, in **590**. He was the first monk to become pope. Pope Gregory was both a contemplative and a man of action. He was the first pope to call himself Servant of the servants of God. He sent missionaries to England and was a peacemaker among nations. The title 'the Great' was bestowed on him by Pope Boniface VIII. Not only did Gregory lead and serve the Church of Rome, but there are 854 letters to the Eastern Churches, which he tried to keep in union with Rome. His liturgical reforms touched three different areas. First, in the Roman Canon of the Mass he added the phrase: Grant peace to our days. Secondly, he prescribed the singing of the Alleluia even outside paschal time, except in the penitential season. Thirdly, he unified the recitation of the Our Father at the end of the Canon of the Mass. His revision of the Sacramentary caused it to be called

the 'Gregorian' Sacramentary; and because he promoted the chant, it too is called 'Gregorian." Another area where Gregory headed off future problems was in clarifying the Church's position on images. "Unlike the Byzantine East, the Latin West never elaborated a 'theology' of sacred images," says Andre Chastel "The doctrine that governed the validity of the depiction of divine figures in churches for centuries was formulated by Pope Gregory the Great in a letter addressed to Serenus, the iconoclast bishop of Marseille. Serenus was troubled on seeing how many pagan practices survived in Gaul; Gregory, aware of the development of mural decoration in Gaul, was keen to justify it. Paintings were designed, he argued, to instruct the ignorant who could not read (homines illiterati), bringing them to the true faith and helping to banish idols. In this respect, the use of such imagery was a legitimate as the transformation of temples into churches. These recommendations were all the more timely in that cycles of hagiographic paintings and mosaics were multiplying in episcopal centers; some, like the church of Notre-Dame-La Daurade in Toulouse and the Holy Apostles in Paris, acquired swift fame." (B,L,S.OCY)

Friday, September 4, 2020

**\*** We Remember: ST. ROSE OF VITERBO — born at Viterbo of poor parents, Rose (1234-1252) had "the highest spiritual gifts from earliest years." She sought admittance to the convent of Poor Clares and was repeatedly refused. After her death, however, her body was, by order of **Pope Alexander IV** (1258), laid to rest in that convent. She was canonized in 1457. (B) Also remembered today, ST. ROSALIA (d. 1160), patron saint of Palermo, and St. Boniface (d. 422), elected pope in 418. (B)

**\* Sept. 4, 1965,** ALBERT SCHWEITZER died. French Nobel peace prize winner in **1952** (for his efforts in behalf of the "Brotherhood of Nations," philosopher, musician, theologian, and physician, Schweitzer developed an ethical system he called "Reverence for Life," which held all life sacred. **\* 20th Anniversary** of the death, in **2000**, of **SISTER CANDIDA LUND, O.P.**, chancellor of Rosary College (renamed Dominican University in

1997) in River Forest, Illinois. A native of Chicago's Hyde Park, she was "a prominent Ph.D. in political science...an outstanding personality in the arts," said Donna Carroll, president of Dominican. Besides being a serious scholar and a leader in the Catholic Church, Sr. Candida was "really an extraordinary woman for her time, and our time. She was at once a very vital presence, and a



the same time, she was a very humble woman true to her vocation." Sr. Candida was two days short of her 80th birthday. She had been a member of the Sinsinawa Domincan Congregation for 54 years.

Saturday, September 5, 2020

We Remember: St. LAWRENCE GIUSTINIANI (1381-1455), first bishop of Venice. Scion of a noble Venetian family, this humble man became a priest in 1406 and was named patriarch of Venice in 1451. Under his direction, the face of the whole diocese was changed. His writings on mystical contemplation are sublime in their simplicity. (D,L,B) • In 1174, a great fire raged through England's Canterbury Cathedral, destroying that part of the edifice housing the relics of saints associated with it. Many early relics were destroyed. (W) + ST. TERESA OF CALCUTTA, declared a saint by Pope Francis in 2016, died on this day in 1997. "Born Agnes Gonxha Bojaxhiu at Skopje in the former Yugoslavia, she joined the Sisters of Loretto in Ireland at the age of 17, and within a year she was sent to teach in Calcutta, India. There she became acquainted with the poor who lived and died in the streets. In 1948 she left the Sisters of Loretto to serve the sick and the dying in the city's slums. She became known as Mother Teresa. In 1949 she founded the Missionaries of Charity, a community of sisters, priests, and brothers who serve the poor by providing food, clothing, shelter, and medical care. Within 30 years there were 80 foundations of this community in 32 countries. She was the recipient of the 1979 Nobel Peace Prize, the Nehru Award, and the 1981 Pere Marquette Discovery Award." — Richard McBrien Sources include: (AS) All Saints, Robert Ellsberg, Crossroad, 1997. (B) Book of Saints, Benedictine Monks, Morehouse, 1993. (CB) Cambridge Biographical Encyclopedia, 1999. (C) Catholic Book of Days, John Deedy, Thomas More, 1989. (D) Day by Day with the Saints, Patrick Moran, OSV, 1985. (ES) Encyclopedia of Saints, C. Jöckle, Alpine, 1995. (F) Famous Christians, Tony Castle, Servant, 1988. (G) Guide to the Saints, Kristin E. White, Ivy Books, 1991. (L) Butler's Lives of the Saints I-IV, Christian Classics, 1995. (L2) Lives of the Saints, O. Englebert, Barnes & Noble,1994. (M) The Middle Ages, Concise Encyclopedia, H. Loyn, 1989. (OCY) Oxford Companion to the Year, Blackburn, 1999. (ODP) Oxford Dictionary of Popes, J.D. Kelly, Oxford, 1987. (P) Pocket Dictionary of Saints, John Delaney, Image, 1983. (S) Saints of the Roman Calendar, Enzo Lodi, Alba, 1992. (P) The Popes, Eric John, Roman Catholic Books, 1994. (V) Vatican II Weekday Missal, Daughters of St. Paul, 1975. (W) We Celebrate, We

Rev. Fr. Michael G. Zaniolo, STL, CAC — Administrator/Catholic Chaplain Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Chicago

Mr. Qazi M. Biabani — Imam Khateeb/Muslim Chaplain

Muslim Community Center of Chicago
Rev. Dr. Hutz H. Hertzberg - Protestant Chaplain
The Moody Church of Chicago

Mrs. Susan E. Schneider, CAP — Office/Business Manager/Fund Raiser
Mr. Michael Brennan — Bulletin Editor

